

UTC INVESTOR AND ANALYST MEETING

JUNE 17, 2019



**United
Technologies**

Note: All results and expectations in this presentation reflect continuing operations unless otherwise noted.

This communication contains statements which, to the extent they are not statements of historical or present fact, constitute “forward-looking statements” under the securities laws. From time to time, oral or written forward-looking statements may also be included in other information released to the public. These forward-looking statements are intended to provide Raytheon Company’s and United Technologies’ respective management’s current expectations or plans for our future operating and financial performance, based on assumptions currently believed to be valid. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as “believe,” “expect,” “expectations,” “plans,” “strategy,” “prospects,” “estimate,” “project,” “target,” “anticipate,” “will,” “should,” “see,” “guidance,” “outlook,” “confident,” “on track” and other words of similar meaning. Forward-looking statements may include, among other things, statements relating to future sales, earnings, cash flow, results of operations, uses of cash, share repurchases, tax rates, R&D spend, other measures of financial performance, potential future plans, strategies or transactions, credit ratings and net indebtedness, other anticipated benefits of the proposed merger or the spin-offs by United Technologies of Otis and Carrier into separate independent companies (the “separation transactions”), including estimated synergies and customer cost savings resulting from the proposed merger, the expected timing of completion of the proposed merger and the separation transactions, estimated costs associated with such transactions and other statements that are not historical facts. All forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, without limitation: (1) the effect of economic conditions in the industries and markets in which United Technologies and Raytheon Company operate in the U.S. and globally and any changes therein, including financial market conditions, fluctuations in commodity prices, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, levels of end market demand in construction and in both the commercial and defense segments of the aerospace industry, levels of air travel, financial condition of commercial airlines, the impact of weather conditions and natural disasters, the financial condition of our customers and suppliers, and the risks associated with U.S. government sales (including changes or shifts in defense spending due to budgetary constraints, spending cuts resulting from sequestration, a government shutdown, or otherwise, and uncertain funding of programs); (2) challenges in the development, production, delivery, support, performance and realization of the anticipated benefits (including our expected returns under customer contracts) of advanced technologies and new products and services; (3) the scope, nature, impact or timing of the proposed merger and the separation transactions and other merger, acquisition and divestiture activity, including among other things the integration of or with other businesses and realization of synergies and opportunities for growth and innovation and incurrence of related costs and expenses; (4) future levels of indebtedness, including indebtedness that may be incurred in connection with the proposed merger and the separation transactions, and capital spending and research and development spending; (5) future availability of credit and factors that may affect such availability, including credit market conditions and our capital structure; (6) the timing and scope of future repurchases by the companies of their respective common stock, which may be suspended at any time due to various factors, including market conditions and the level of other investing activities and uses of cash, including in connection with the proposed merger; (7) delays and disruption in delivery of materials and services from suppliers; (8) company and customer-directed cost reduction efforts and restructuring costs and savings and other consequences thereof (including the potential termination of U.S. government contracts and performance under undefinitized contract awards and the potential inability to recover termination costs); (9) new business and investment opportunities; (10) the ability to realize the intended benefits of organizational changes; (11) the anticipated benefits of diversification and balance of operations across product lines, regions and industries; (12) the outcome of legal proceedings, investigations and other contingencies; (13) pension plan assumptions and future contributions; (14) the impact of the negotiation of collective bargaining agreements and labor disputes; (15) the effect of changes in political conditions in the U.S. and other countries in which United Technologies, Raytheon Company and the businesses of each operate, including the effect of changes in U.S. trade policies or the U.K.’s pending withdrawal from the European Union, on general market conditions, global trade policies and currency exchange rates in the near term and beyond; (16) the effect of changes in tax (including U.S. tax reform enacted on December 22, 2017, which is commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017), environmental, regulatory and other laws and regulations (including, among other things, export and import requirements such as the International Traffic in Arms Regulations and the Export Administration Regulations, anti-bribery and anti-corruption requirements, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, industrial cooperation agreement obligations, and procurement and other regulations) in the U.S. and other countries in which United Technologies, Raytheon Company and the businesses of each operate; (17) negative effects of the announcement or pendency of the proposed merger or the separation transactions on the market price of United Technologies’ and/or Raytheon Company’s respective common stock and/or on their respective financial performance; (18) the ability of the parties to receive the required regulatory approvals for the proposed merger (and the risk that such approvals may result in the imposition of conditions that could adversely affect the combined company or the expected benefits of the transaction) and approvals of United Technologies’ shareowners and Raytheon Company’s shareholders and to satisfy the other conditions to the closing of the merger on a timely basis or at all; (19) the occurrence of events that may give rise to a right of one or both of the parties to terminate the merger agreement; (20) risks relating to the value of the United Technologies’ shares to be issued in the proposed merger, significant transaction costs and/or unknown liabilities; (21) the possibility that the anticipated benefits from the proposed merger cannot be realized in full or at all or may take longer to realize than expected, including risks associated with third party contracts containing consent and/or other provisions that may be triggered by the proposed transaction; (22) risks associated with transaction-related litigation; (23) the possibility that costs or difficulties related to the integration of United Technologies’ and Raytheon Company’s operations will be greater than expected; (24) risks relating to completed merger, acquisition and divestiture activity, including United Technologies’ integration of Rockwell Collins, including the risk that the integration may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected or may not result in the achievement of estimated synergies within the contemplated time frame or at all; (25) the ability of each of Raytheon Company, United Technologies, the companies resulting from the separation transactions and the combined company to retain and hire key personnel; (26) the expected benefits and timing of the separation transactions, and the risk that conditions to the separation transactions will not be satisfied and/or that the separation transactions will not be completed within the expected time frame, on the expected terms or at all; (27) the intended qualification of (i) the merger as a tax-free reorganization and (ii) the separation transactions as tax-free to United Technologies and United Technologies’ shareowners, in each case, for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (28) the possibility that any opinions, consents, approvals or rulings required in connection with the separation transactions will not be received or obtained within the expected time frame, on the expected terms or at all; (29) expected financing transactions undertaken in connection with the proposed merger and the separation transactions and risks associated with additional indebtedness; (30) the risk that dissynergy costs, costs of restructuring transactions and other costs incurred in connection with the separation transactions will exceed United Technologies’ estimates; and (31) the impact of the proposed merger and the separation transactions on the respective businesses of Raytheon Company and United Technologies and the risk that the separation transactions may be more difficult, time-consuming or costly than expected, including the impact on United Technologies’ resources, systems, procedures and controls, diversion of its management’s attention and the impact on relationships with customers, suppliers, employees and other business counterparties. There can be no assurance that the proposed merger, the separation transactions or any other transaction described above will in fact be consummated in the manner described or at all. For additional information on identifying factors that may cause actual results to vary materially from those stated in forward-looking statements, see the reports of United Technologies and Raytheon Company on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) from time to time. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and United Technologies and Raytheon Company assume no obligation to update or revise such statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.



Greg Hayes

CHAIRMAN & CEO



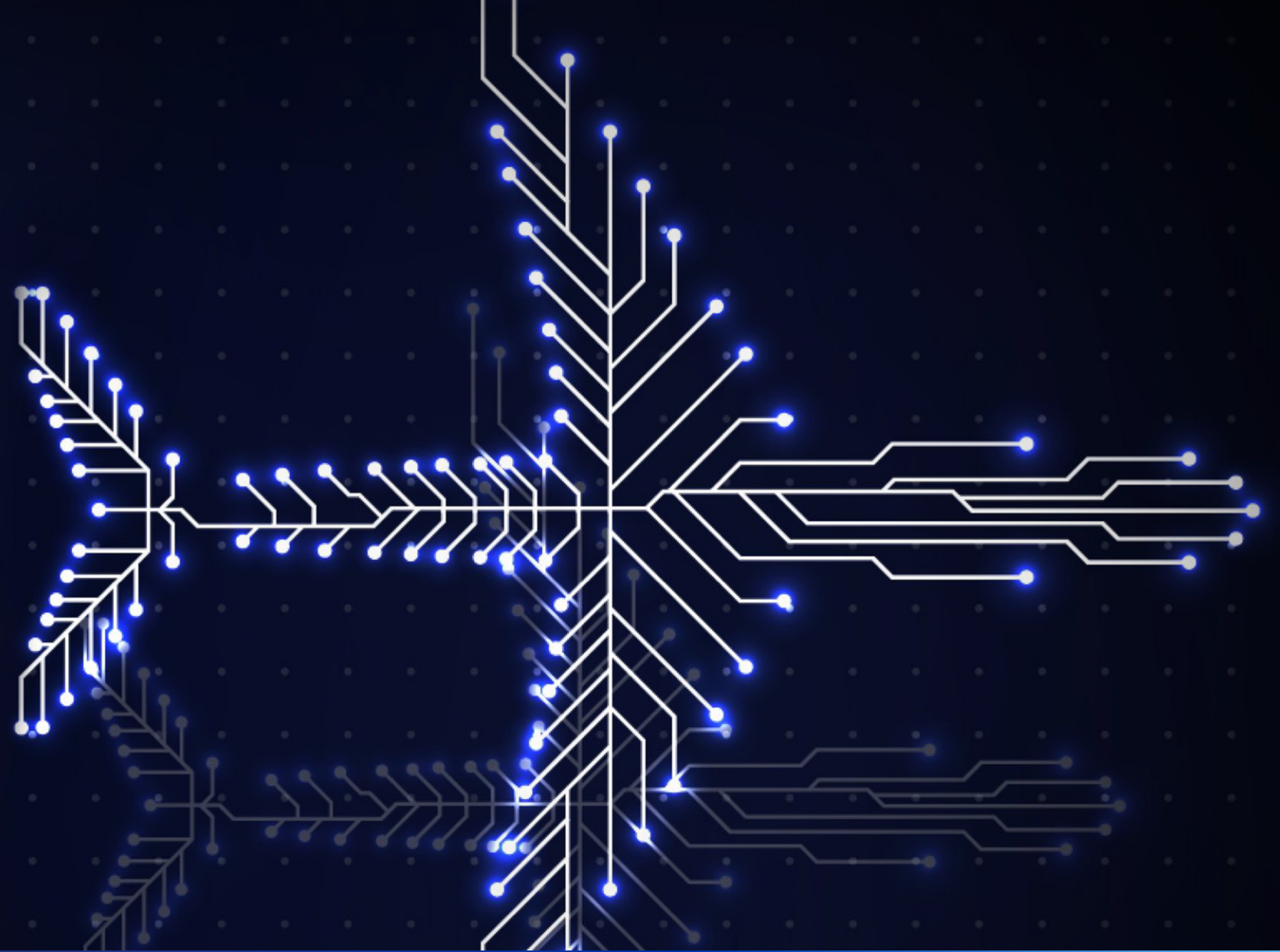
**United
Technologies**



United Technologies

Agenda

9:00 – 9:10	Welcome / Opening Remarks	Greg Hayes
9:10 – 9:30	UTC Innovation	Paul Eremenko
9:30 – 10:05	Collins Aerospace / Q&A	Kelly Ortberg
10:05 – 10:40	Pratt & Whitney / Q&A	Bob Leduc
10:40 – 10:55	Closing Remarks / Q&A	Greg Hayes / Akhil Johri
10:55 – 11:30	Reception	All
11:30	Transportation to Le Bourget	



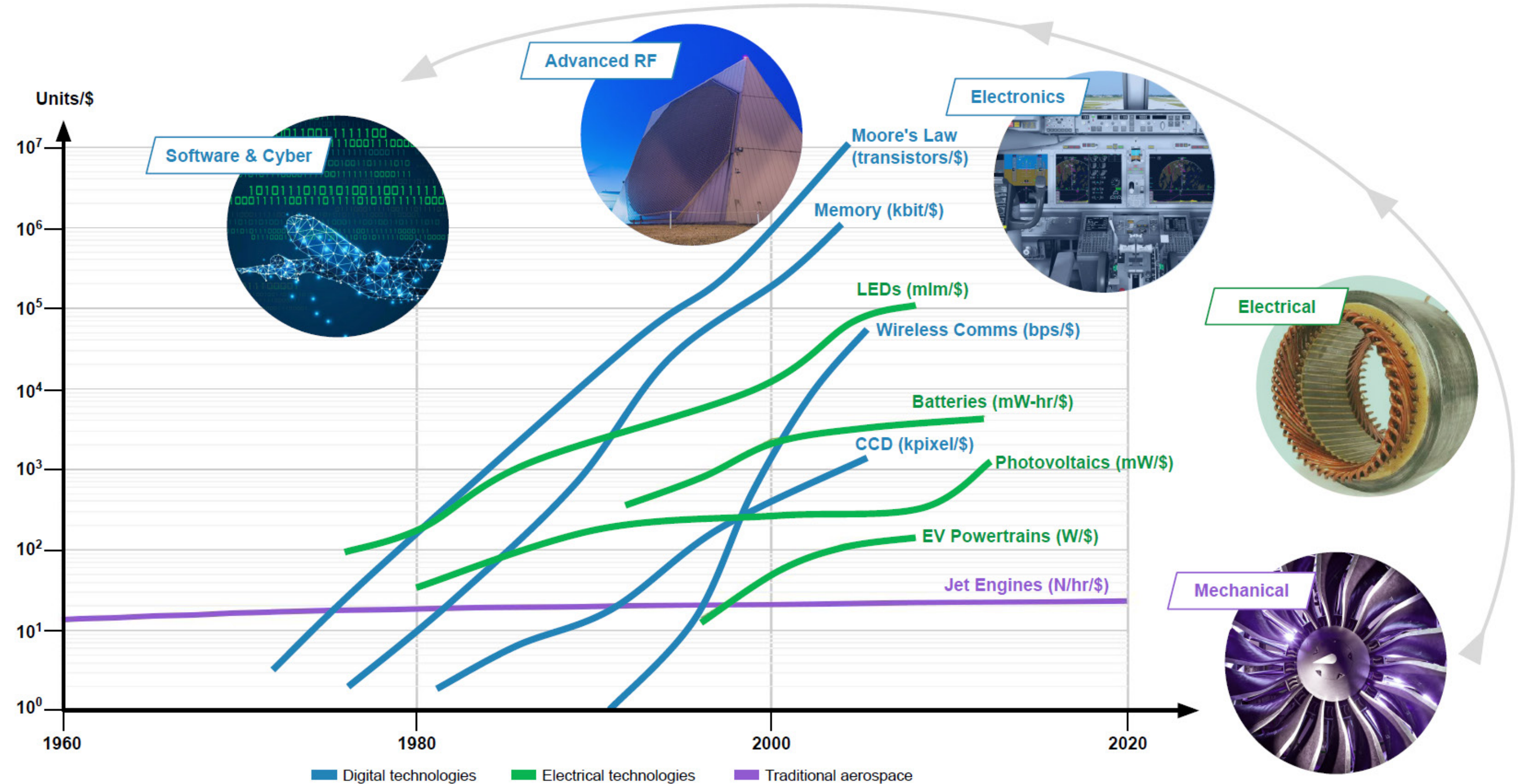
Paul Eremenko

CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER



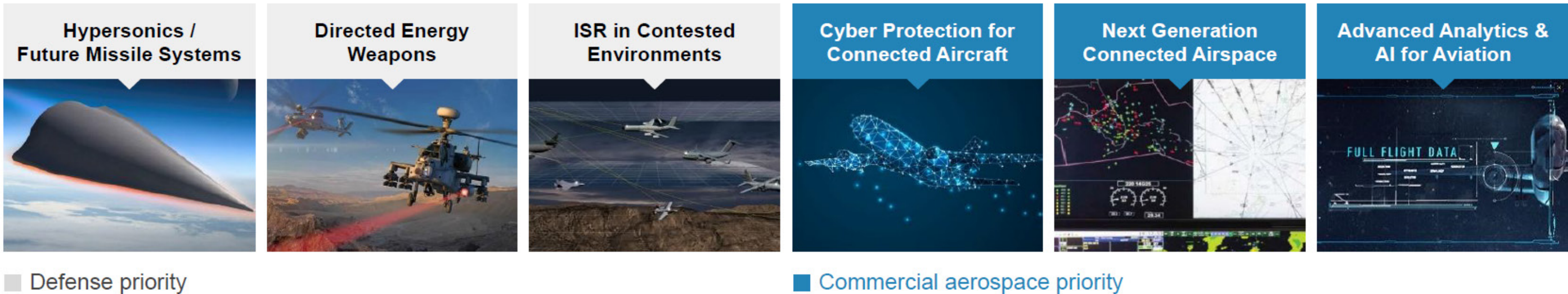
**United
Technologies**

Journey Toward the World's Most Advanced A&D Systems Provider



Technology Synergies

	2019 R&D ²	R&D Centers of Excellence	Engineers	Patents
Raytheon Technologies ¹	~\$8B	7	~60,000	~38,000



Industry-leading innovation

Focused on customer priorities and cost reduction

Enhanced customer solutions

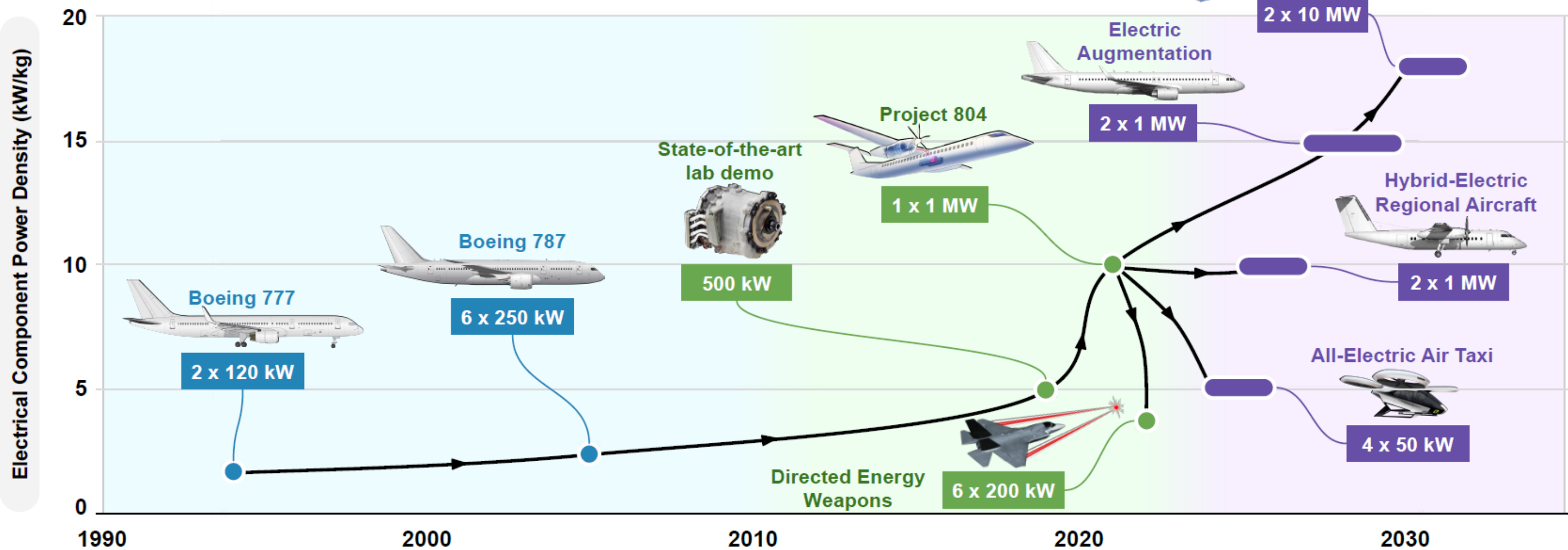
1. Pro forma 2019 estimates. excludes Otis and Carrier
2. R&D estimate includes company and customer funded R&D

Electrification

● Historical programs

● Technology demonstrators

● Future opportunities



Autonomy

Boeing 314 (5 crew)



Lockheed L-049 (4 crew)



Boeing 727-200 (3 crew)



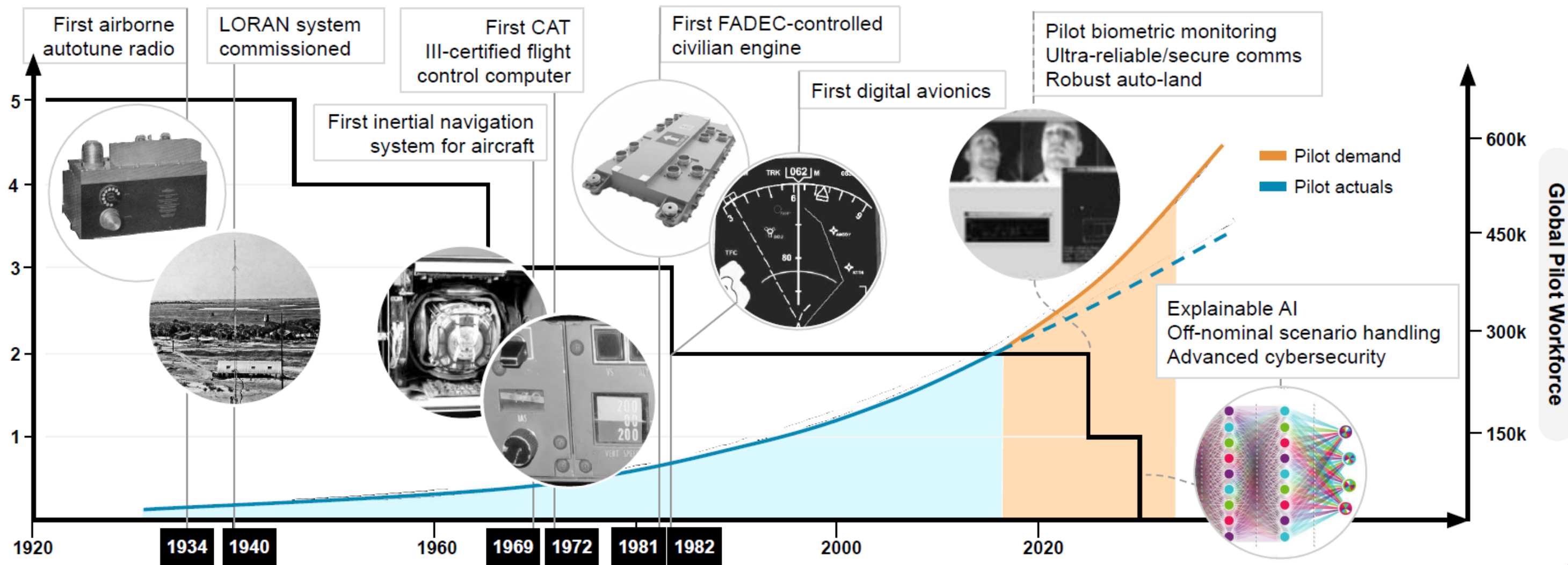
Boeing 767-100 (2 crew)



DARPA Demo (1 crew)



Pilotless Concept (0 crew)





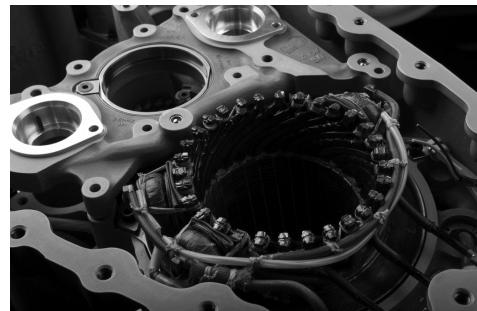
Kelly Ortberg

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Collins Aerospace

Key Messages



Collins Aerospace

Integration on track

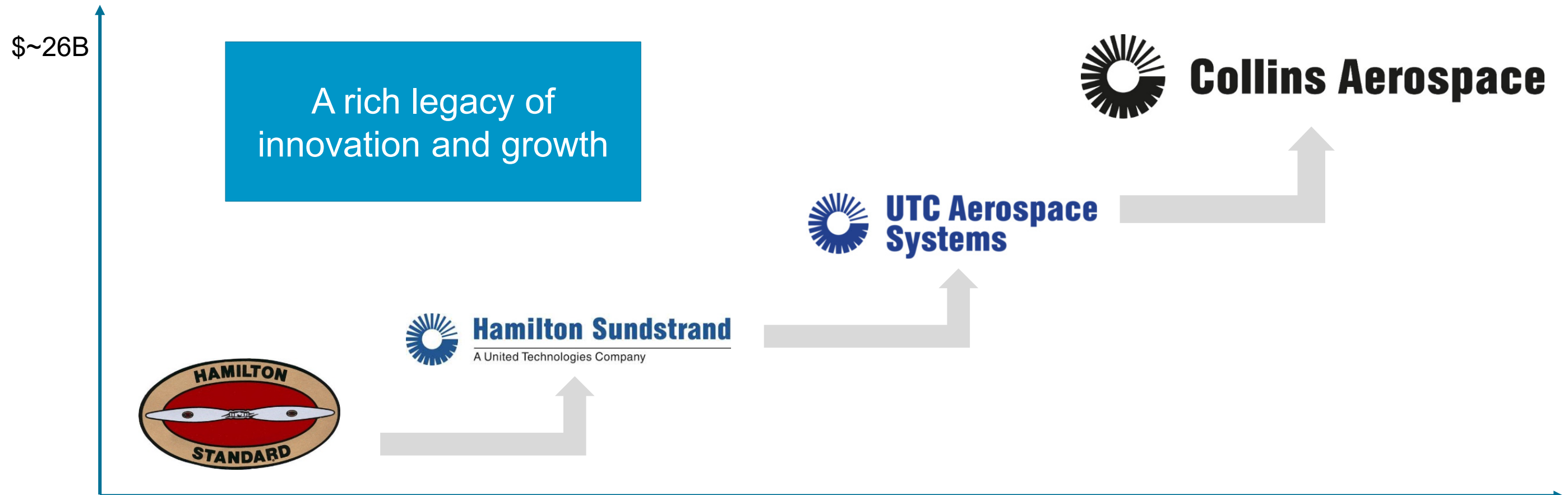
Well positioned for growth

Industry leading capabilities

Delivering on commitments

Collins Aerospace Evolution

(pro forma sales)



1995

2018



Collins Aerospace Overview

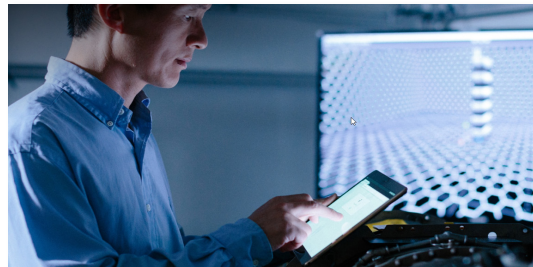
(2019E)

Global Presence

~70,000
employees



16,000+
engineering
workforce



Nearly
300
sites globally



Annual Revenue

~\$26 billion
net sales



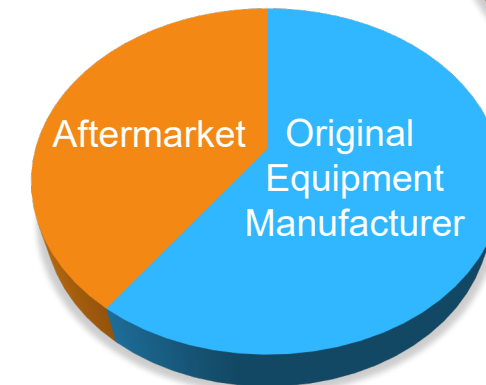
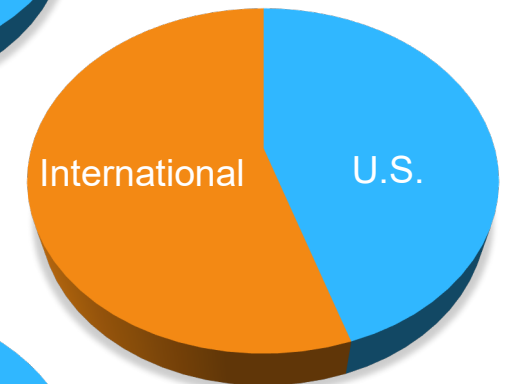
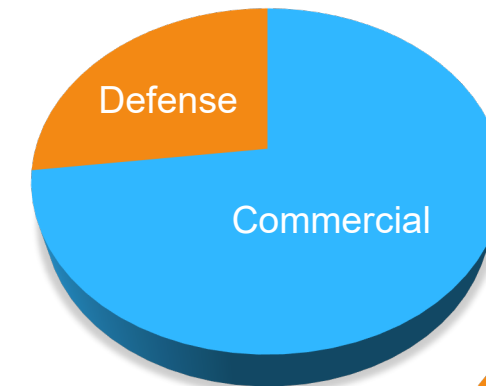
Invested in Innovation

>\$3.5 billion*
research and
development
spending*



* Includes company and customer funded

Portfolio Breadth



Operating Structure



Collins Aerospace



Marc Duvall



Aerostructures



Steve Timm



Avionics



Dave Nieuwsma



Interiors



Sam Mehta



Mechanical Systems



Phil Jasper



Mission Systems

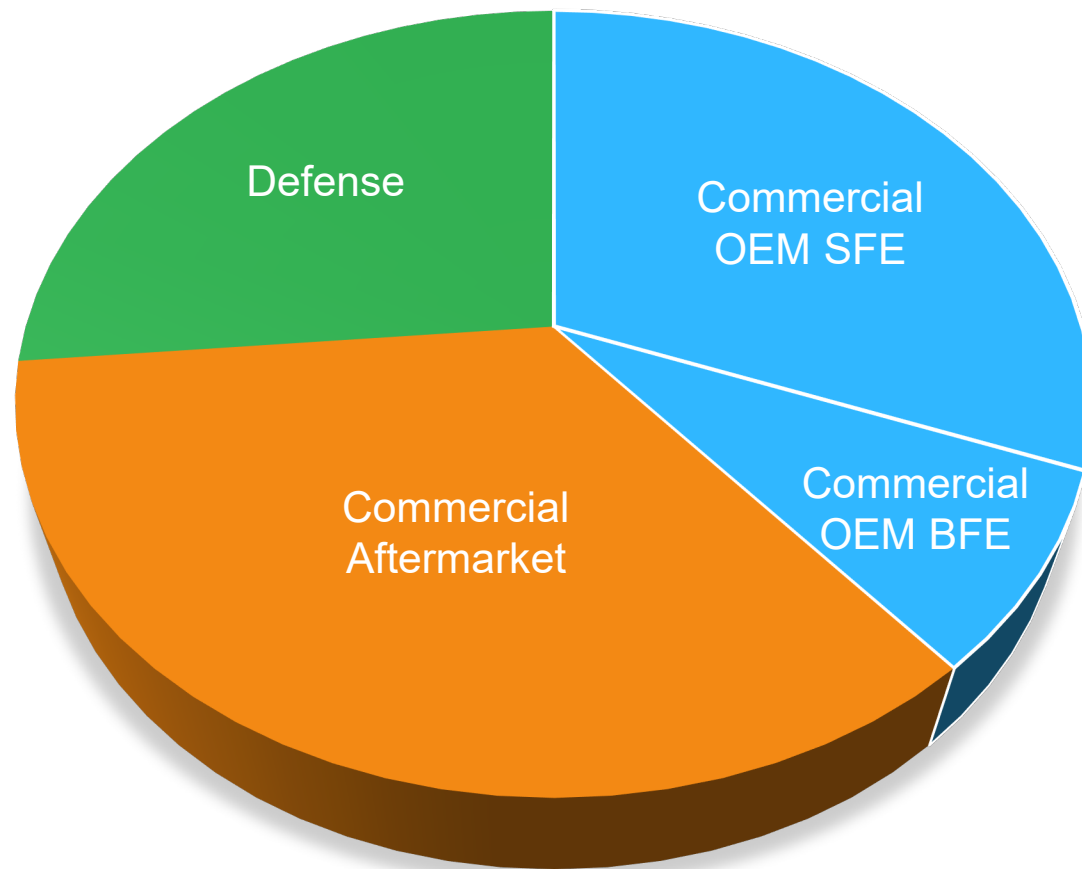


Tim White

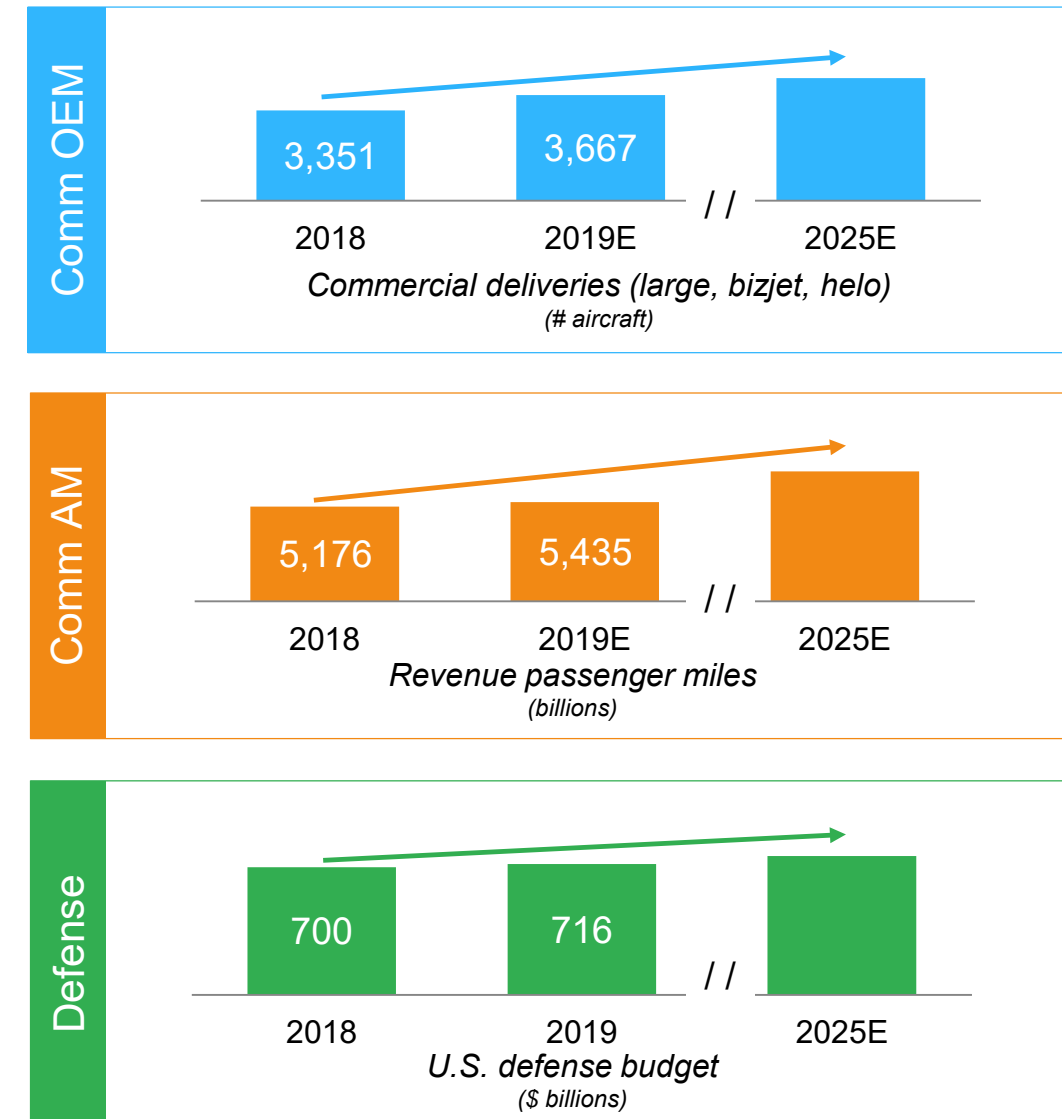


Power & Controls

Strong Market Fundamentals



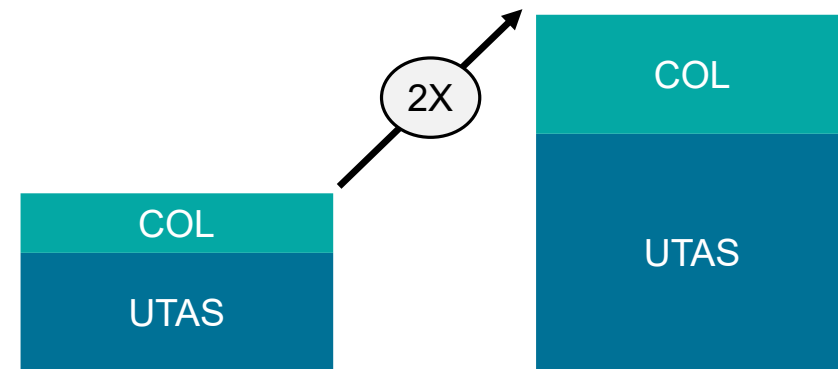
2019E Sales: ~\$26B



Positioned To Outgrow The Segment

Commercial OEM

(sales per shipset)



Legacy content

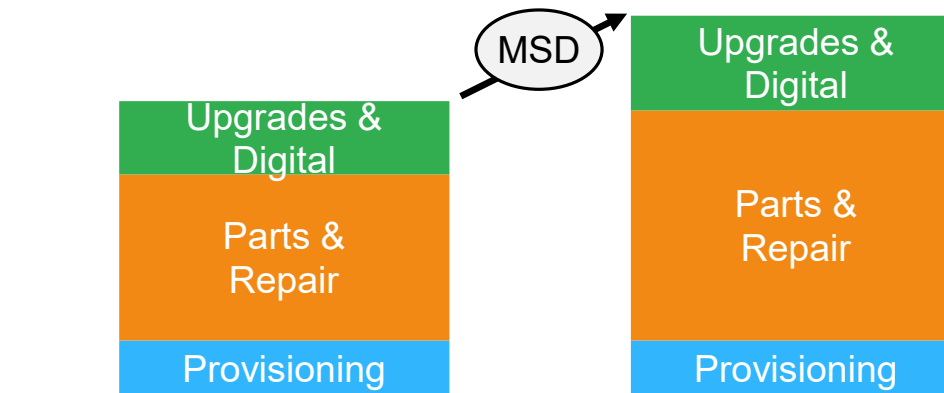
New content

Key platforms



Commercial Aftermarket

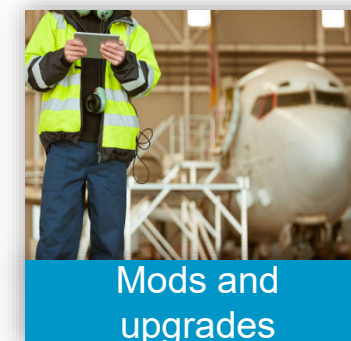
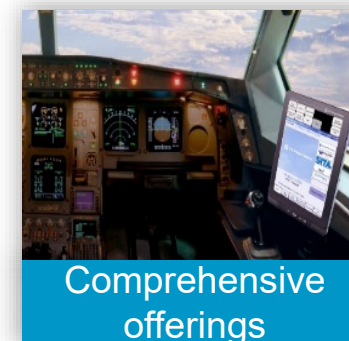
(sales)



2019E

2025E

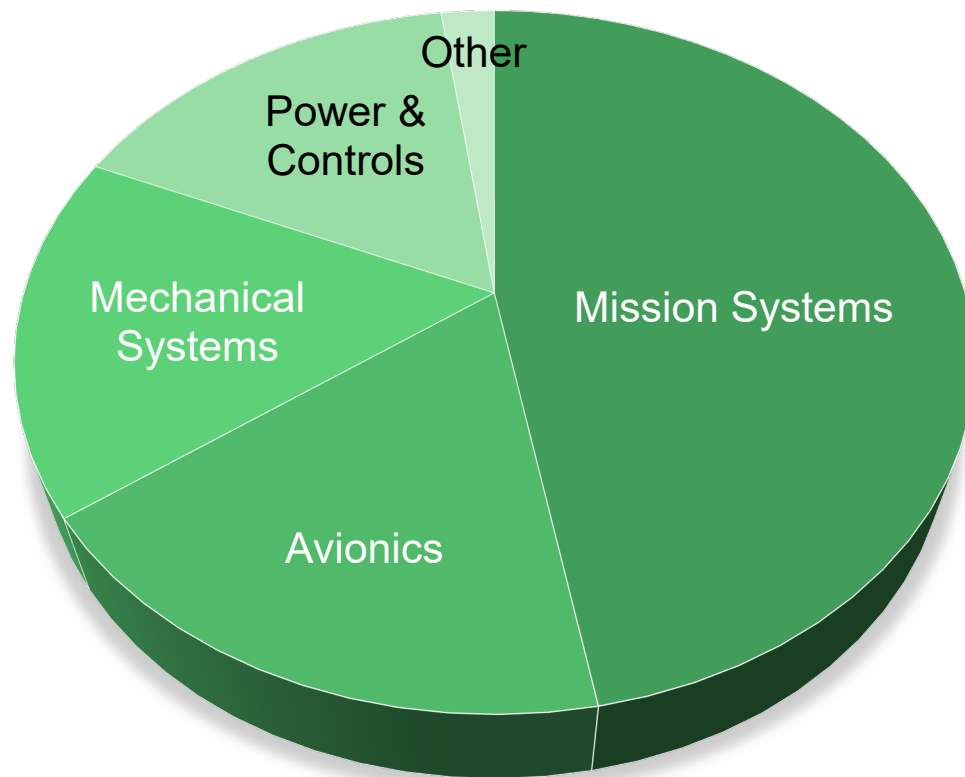
Key focus areas



>500,000 active part numbers

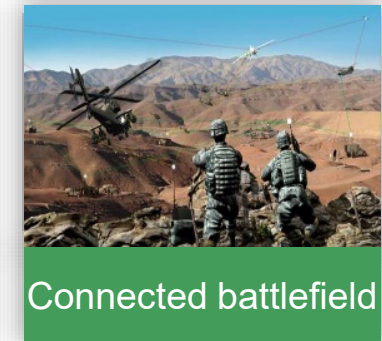
Positioned To Outgrow The Segment

Defense



2019E Sales: ~\$7B

Key Focus Areas



Integration & Cost Synergies

Integration Status

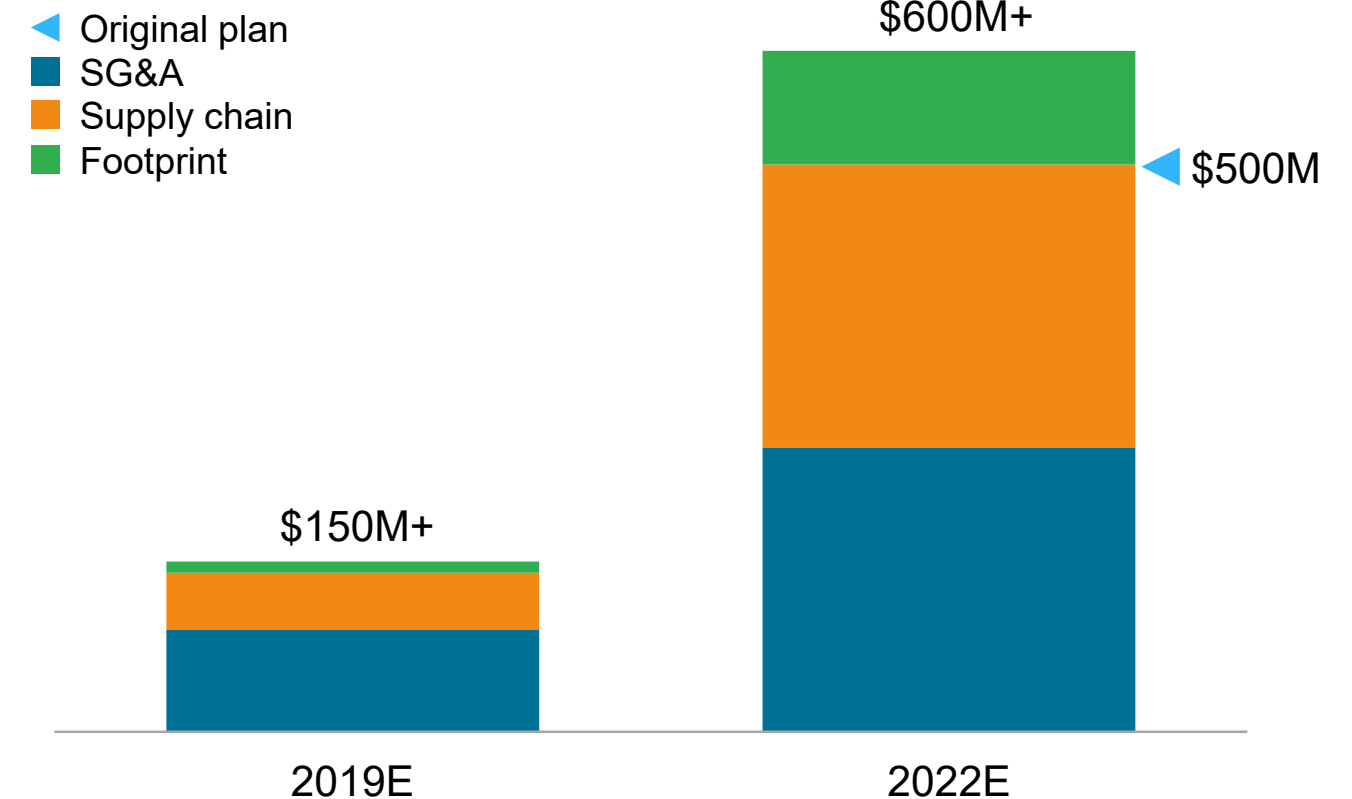
Seamless transition to date

Customer-centric culture

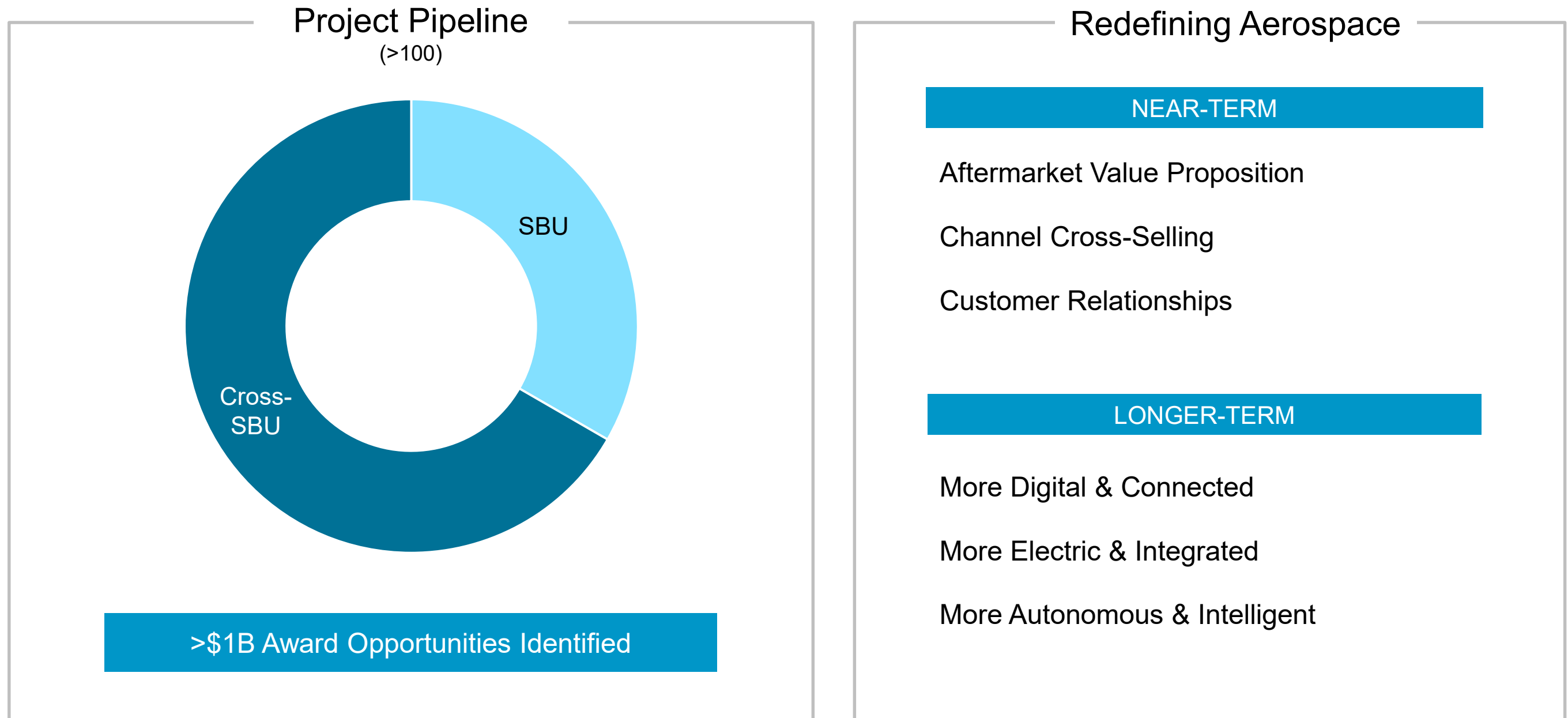
Collins Aerospace Management System

Revenue synergy initiatives underway

Cost Synergies



Revenue Synergy Opportunities



Strategic Growth Drivers

Key Industry Challenges

Safety

Operating Efficiency

Irregular Ops Recovery

Capacity/Infrastructure

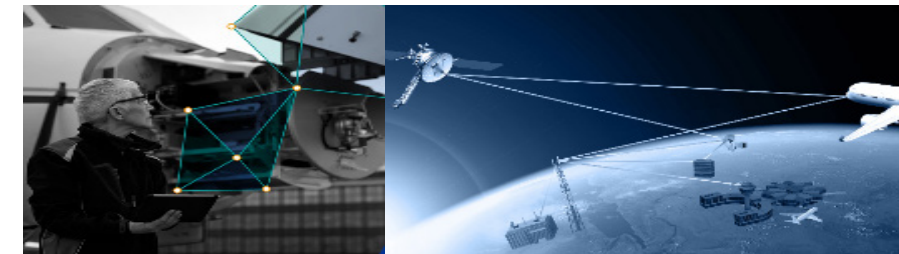
Passenger Experience

Environmental Impact

U.S. National Defense Strategy



Collins Focus Areas



MORE DIGITAL & CONNECTED

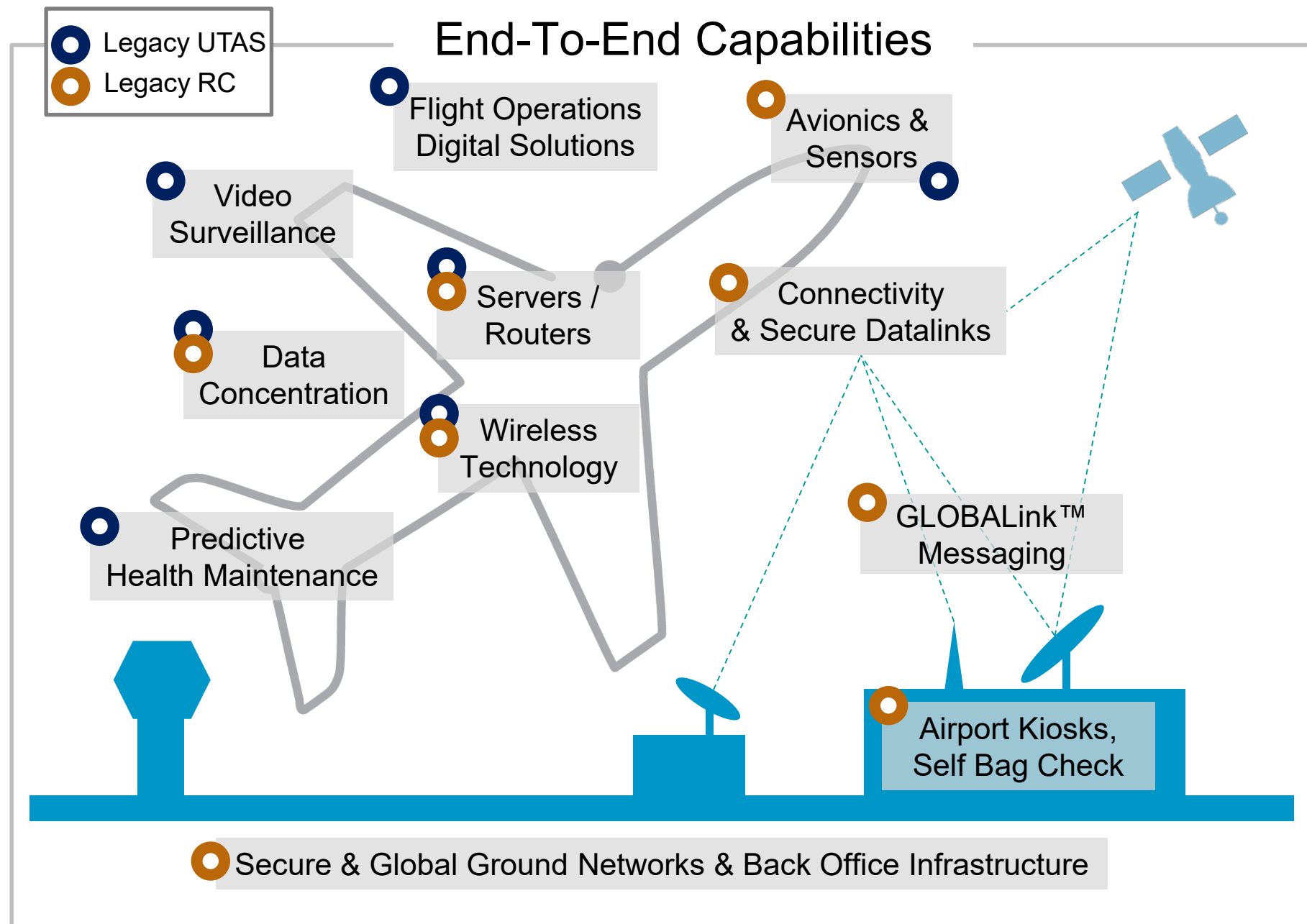


MORE ELECTRIC & INTEGRATED



MORE AUTONOMOUS & INTELLIGENT

More Digital & Connected



Uniquely Positioned

OEM agnostic approach

Largest installed base in the industry

>21K aircraft on ARINC network
(22B Messages/Year)

Deep systems knowledge
(>60 Predictive Models)

Strong airline & airport relationships

Digital & Connected Growth Drivers

ENABLEMENT

OEM SOLUTIONS



RETROFIT SOLUTIONS



COMMUNICATIONS & CONNECTIVITY



GLOBALink™
Messaging



inmarsat
Global Xpress

DIGITAL & DATA SOLUTIONS

COMPONENT MRO SOLUTIONS



FLIGHT OP SOLUTIONS



DIGITAL DATA SERVICES



NEW DIGITAL SOLUTIONS



United Technologies
Digital

SMART PRODUCTS & SYSTEMS

FLEET RETROFITS & UPGRADES



NEW PLATFORM SOLUTIONS

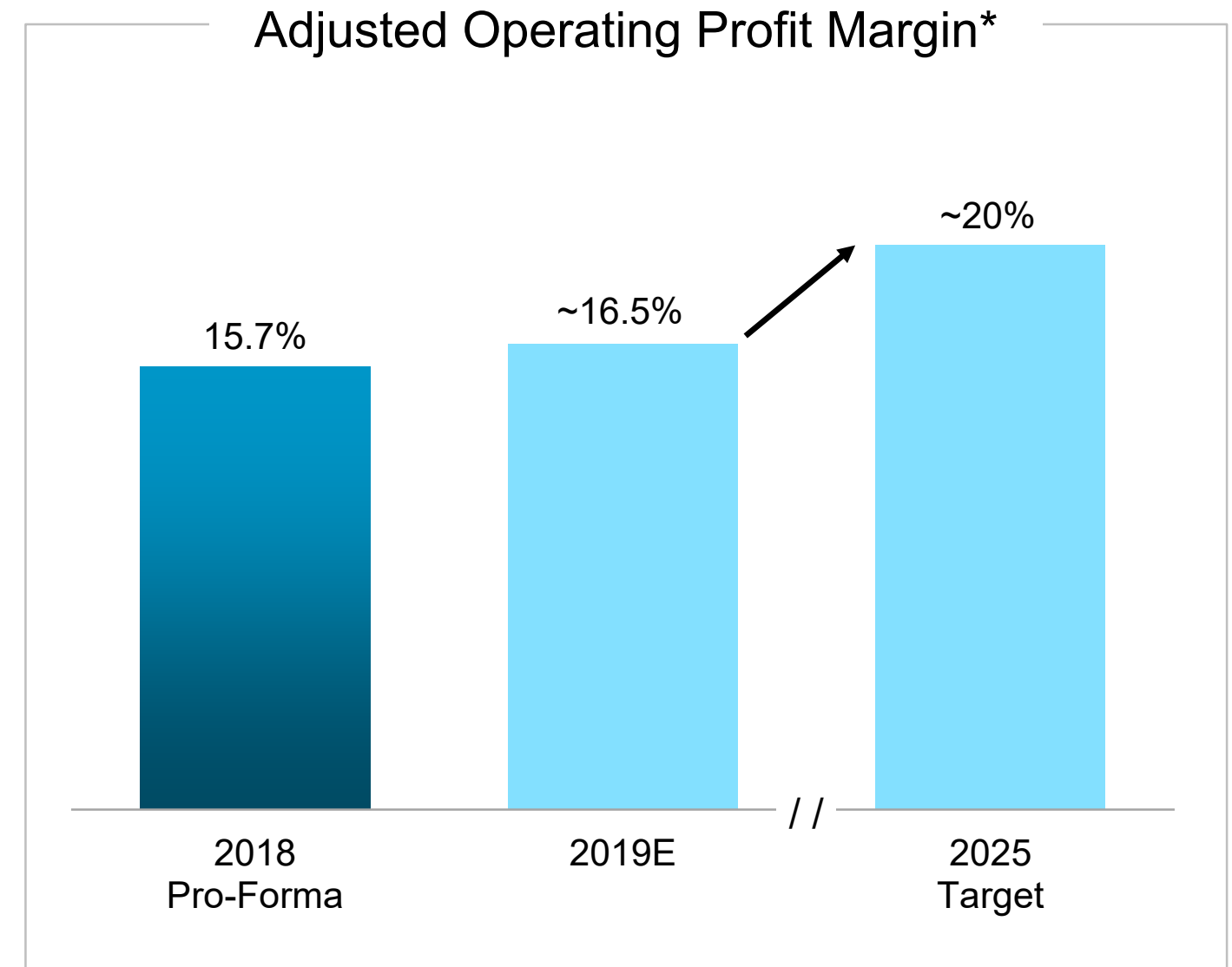


Financial Outlook

Sales growth expected to outpace the market

Cost reduction expected to drive margin expansion

Cash expected to grow faster than earnings



*See appendix for additional information regarding this non-GAAP financial measure



Bob Leduc

PRESIDENT



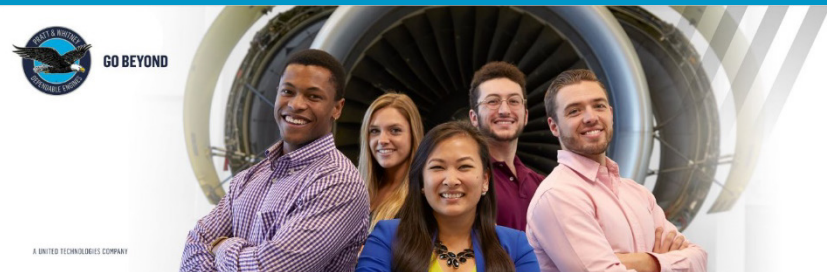
Pratt & Whitney

A United Technologies Company

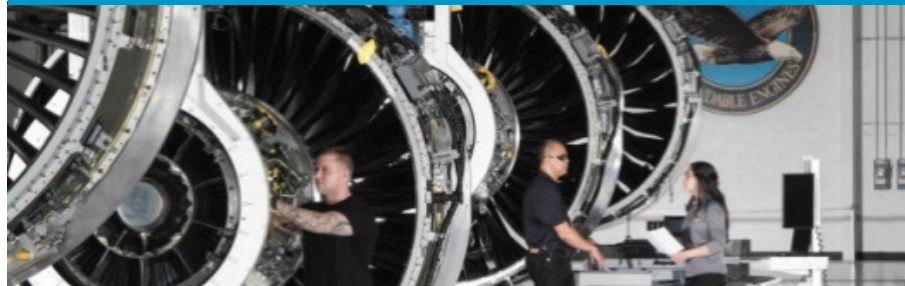
Introduction

Global presence

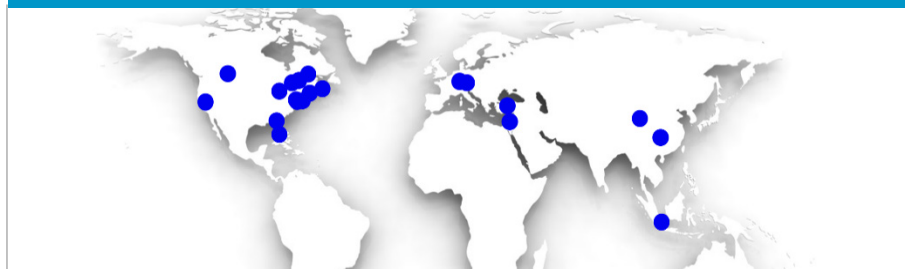
~42,000 Employees worldwide



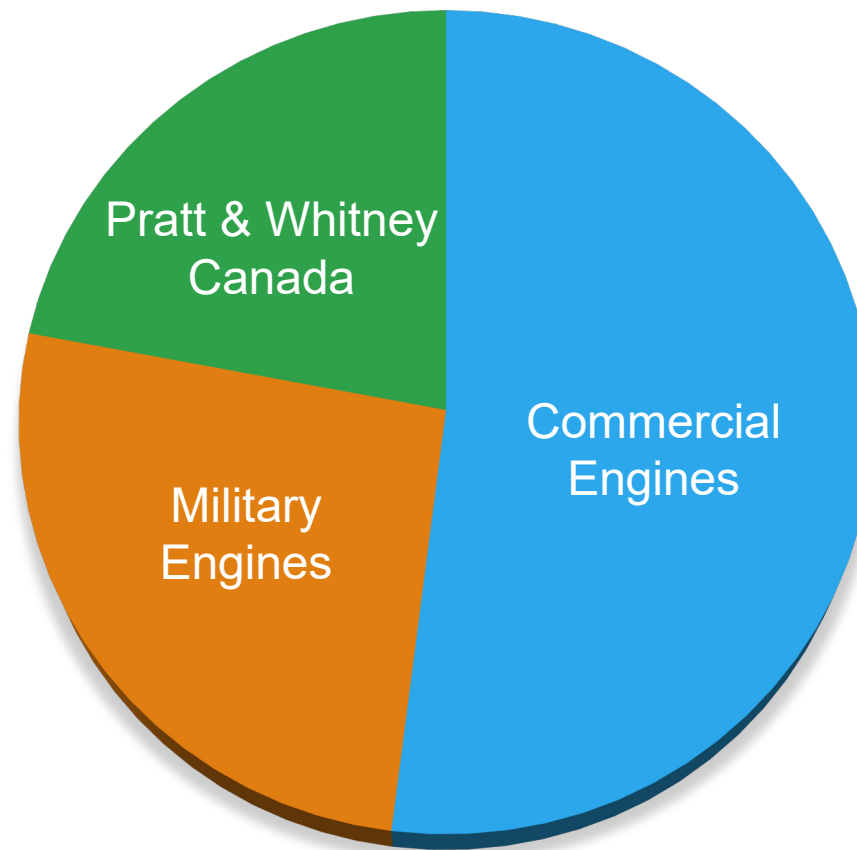
+90,000 Engines in service



Growing capacity worldwide



Balanced portfolio



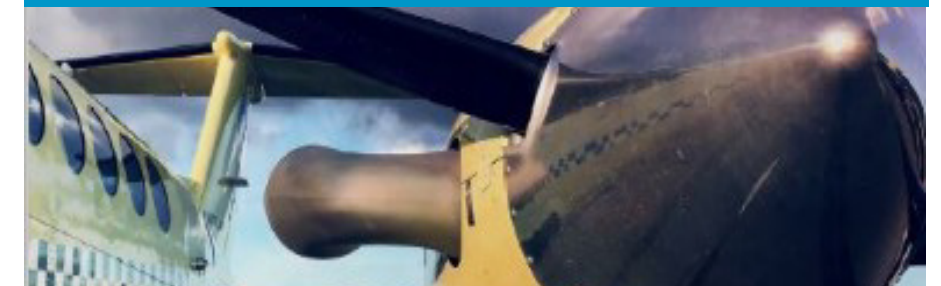
2018 Sales: \$19.4B

Key priorities

Delivery and cost plan execution



Continued innovation



Investment discipline



Recent Accomplishments

Engine orders



Delta A220



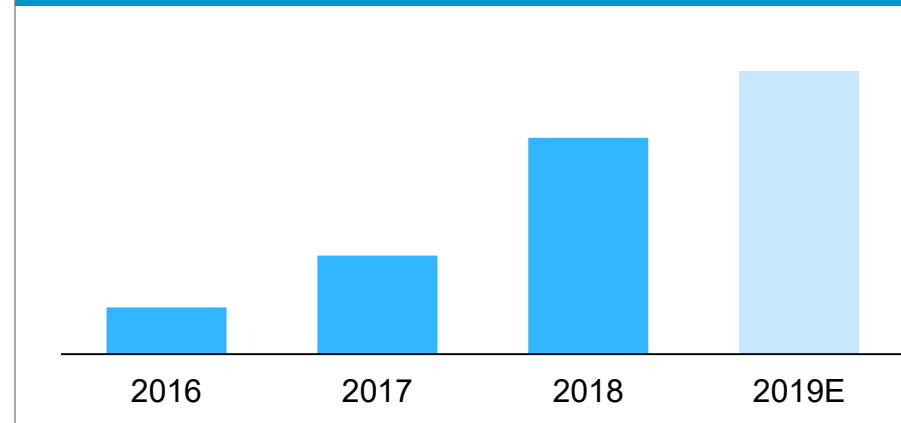
F135 production lots 12-14 negotiations



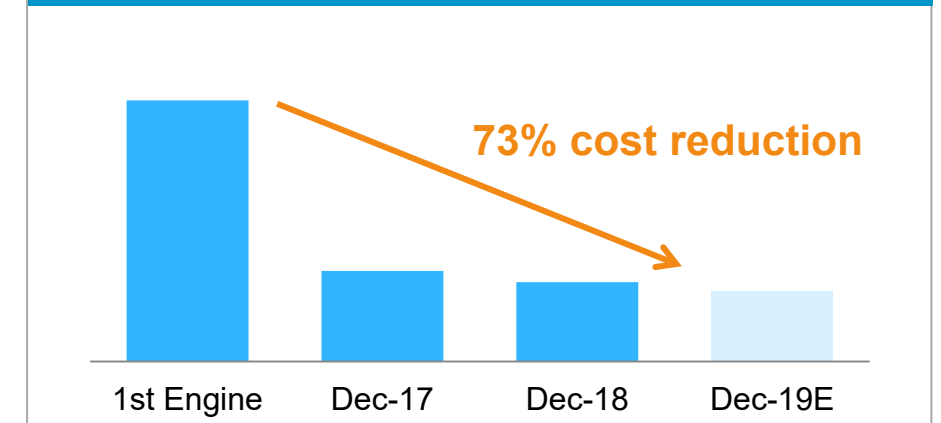
MH-139



Industrial output



Learning curve



Military Engines

F-35 Joint Strike Fighter



KC-46A Tanker

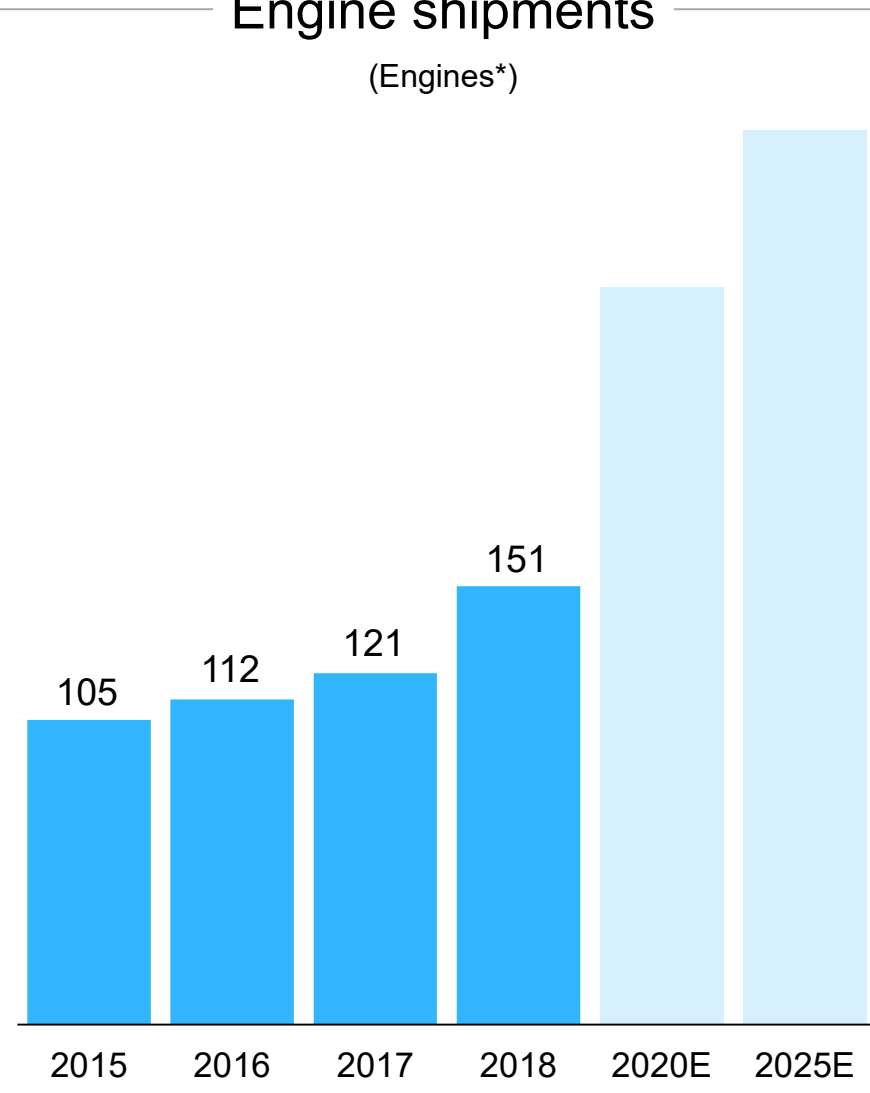


B-21 Bomber



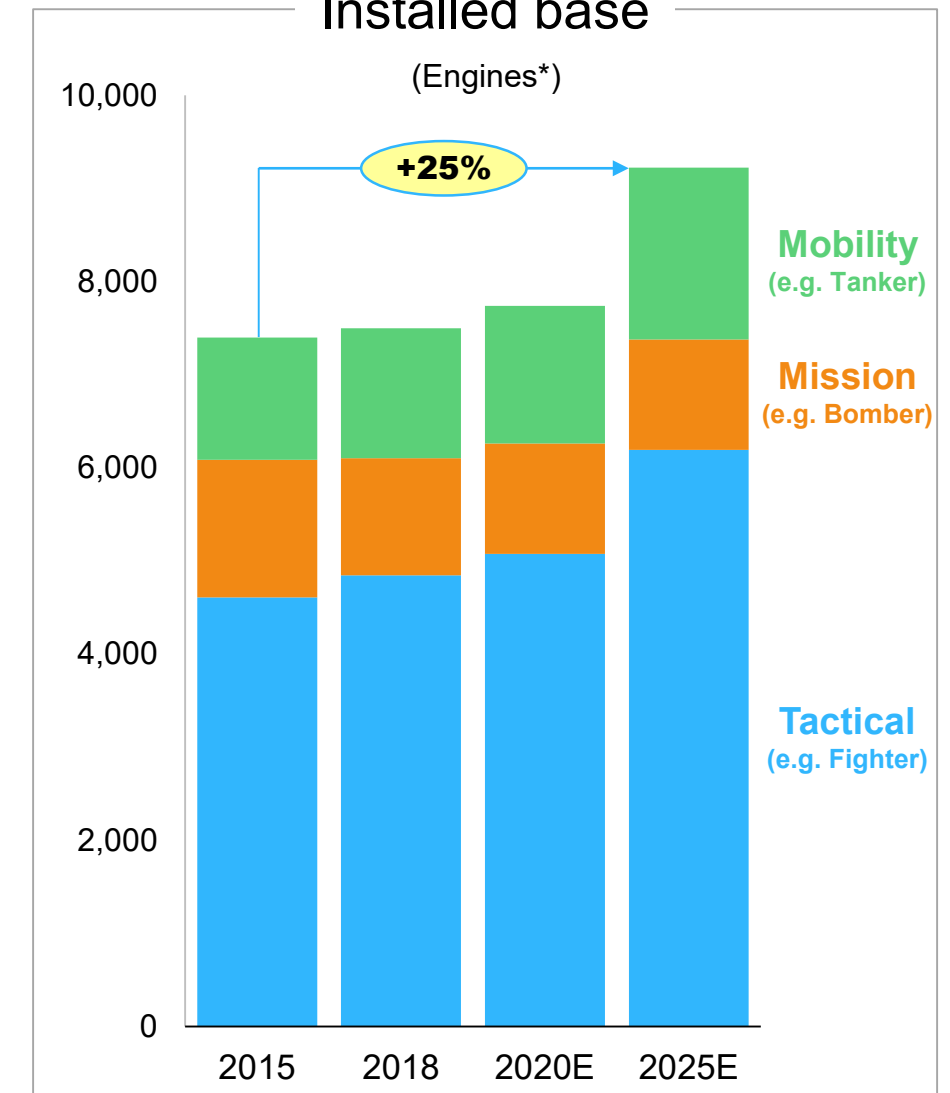
Engine shipments

(Engines*)



Installed base

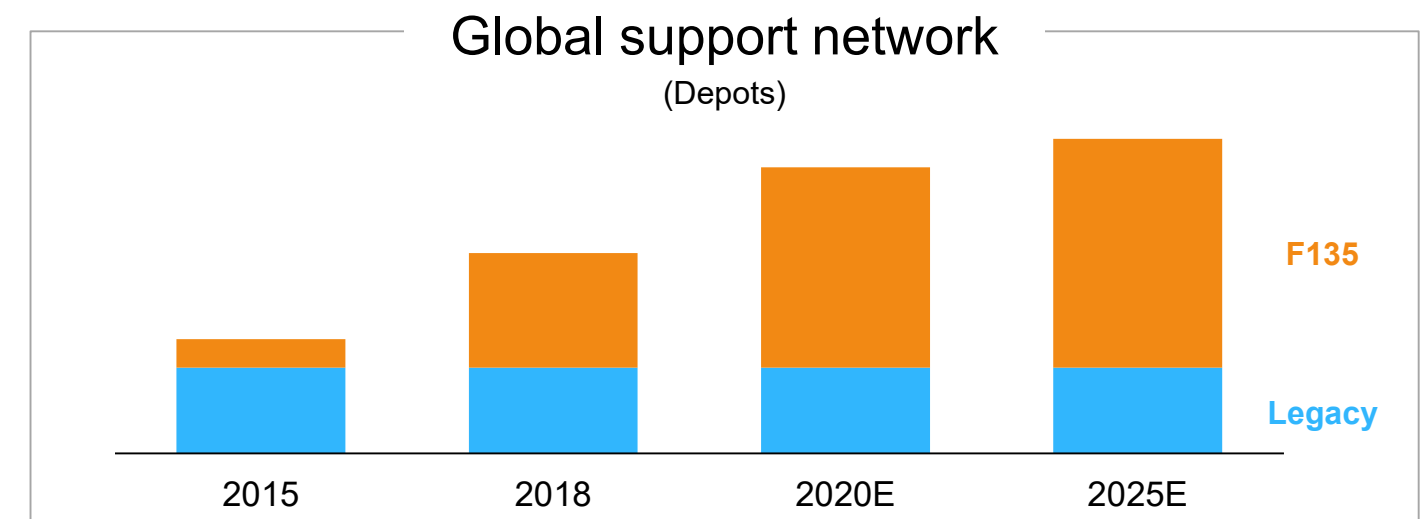
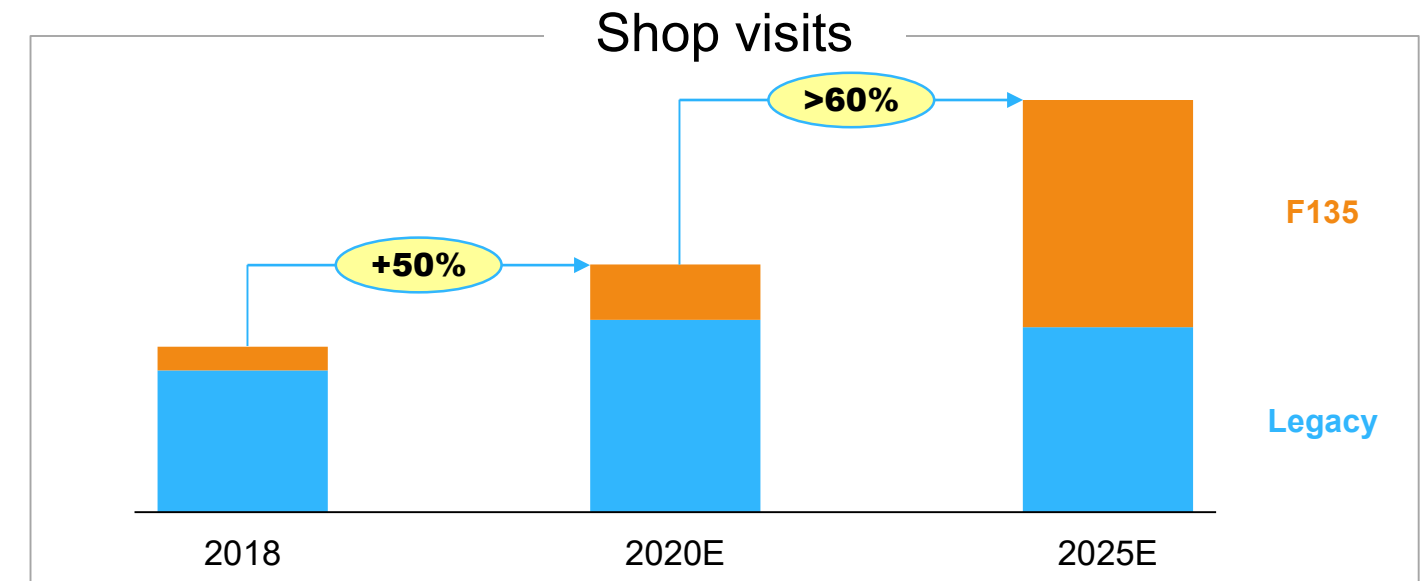
(Engines*)



Continuing to ramp | Positioned for long term growth

*Includes spare engines; excludes Auxiliary Power Units (APU)

Military Engines



Growing fleet supporting future aftermarket growth

P&W Canada

Diverse portfolio



Strong presence



64,000+ Engines in service



39,000+ Aircraft in service



15,500+ Customers

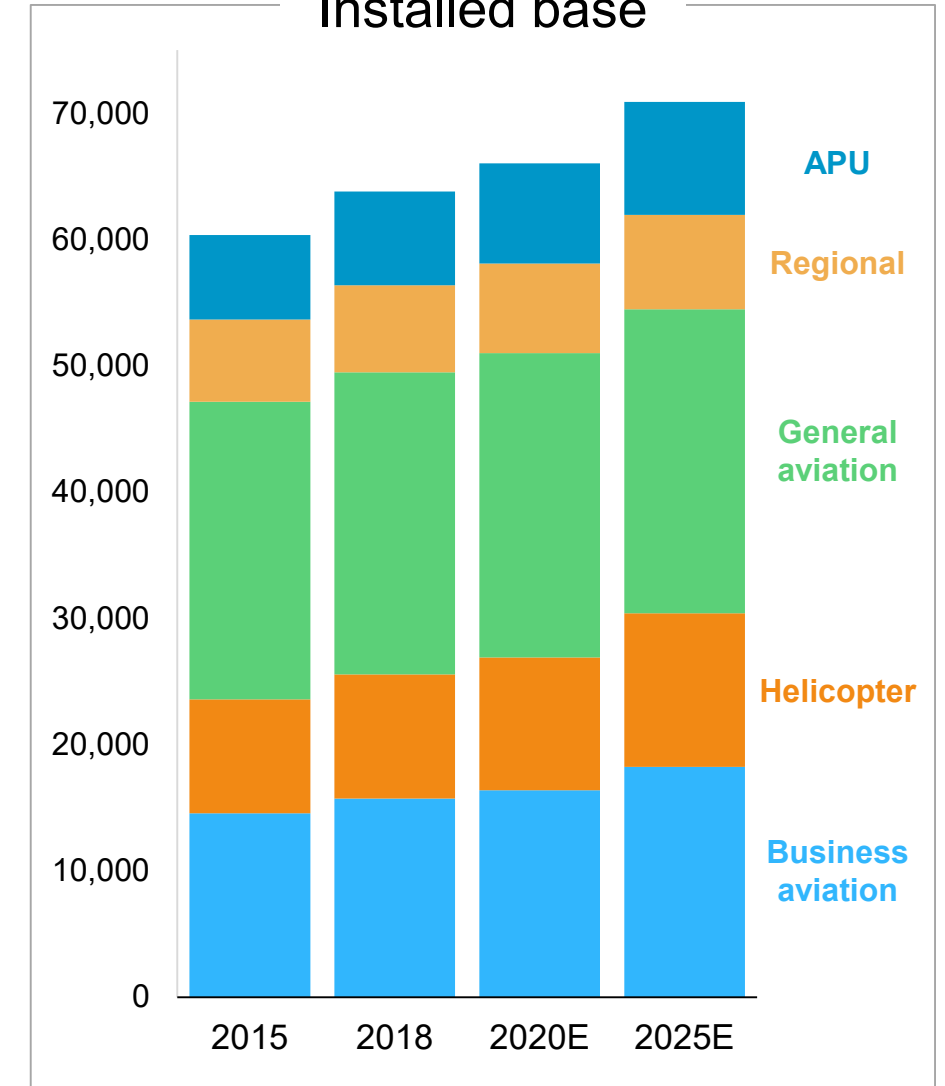


195 Countries and territories



200+ Service network locations

Installed base



Positioned for sustainable long term growth

P&W Canada PW800

Three applications

Gulfstream G500



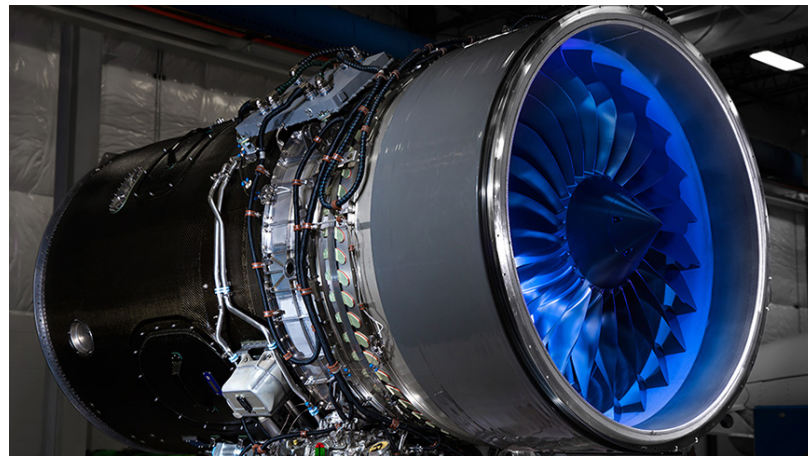
Gulfstream G600



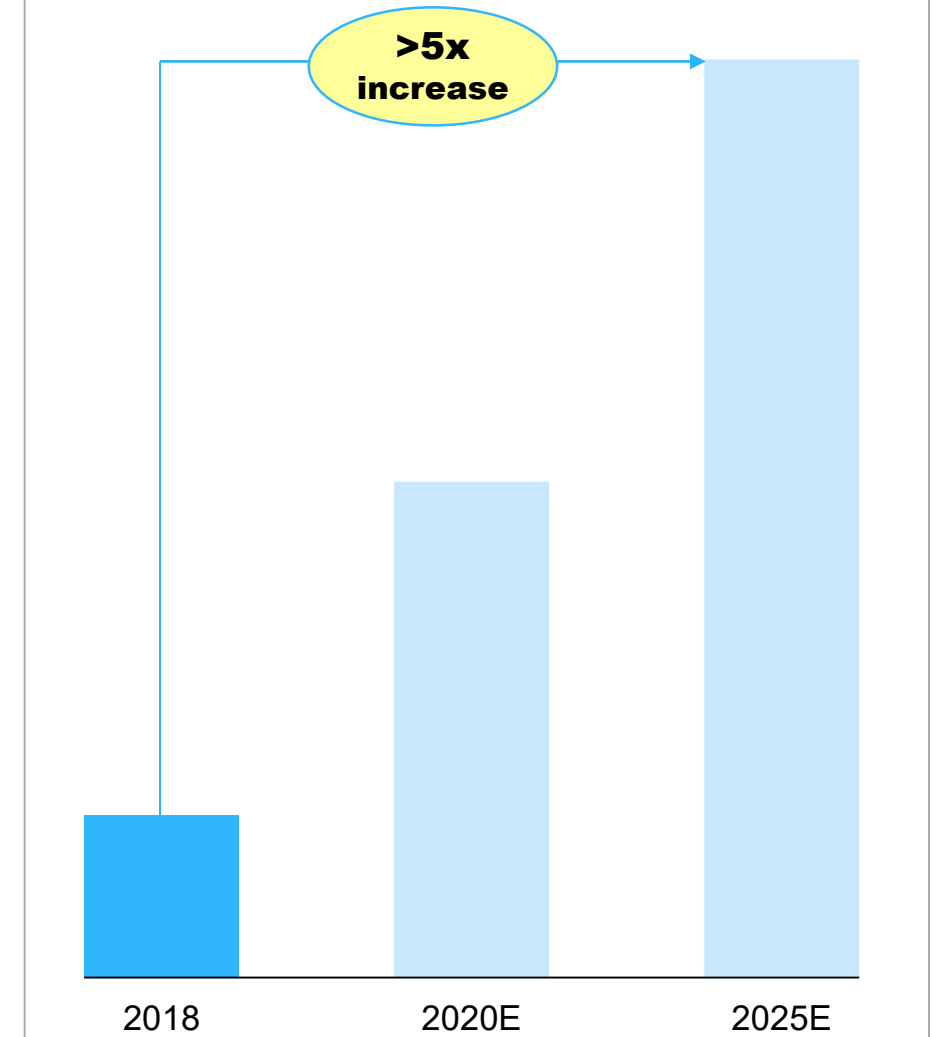
Dassault Falcon 6X



State-of-the-art facilities

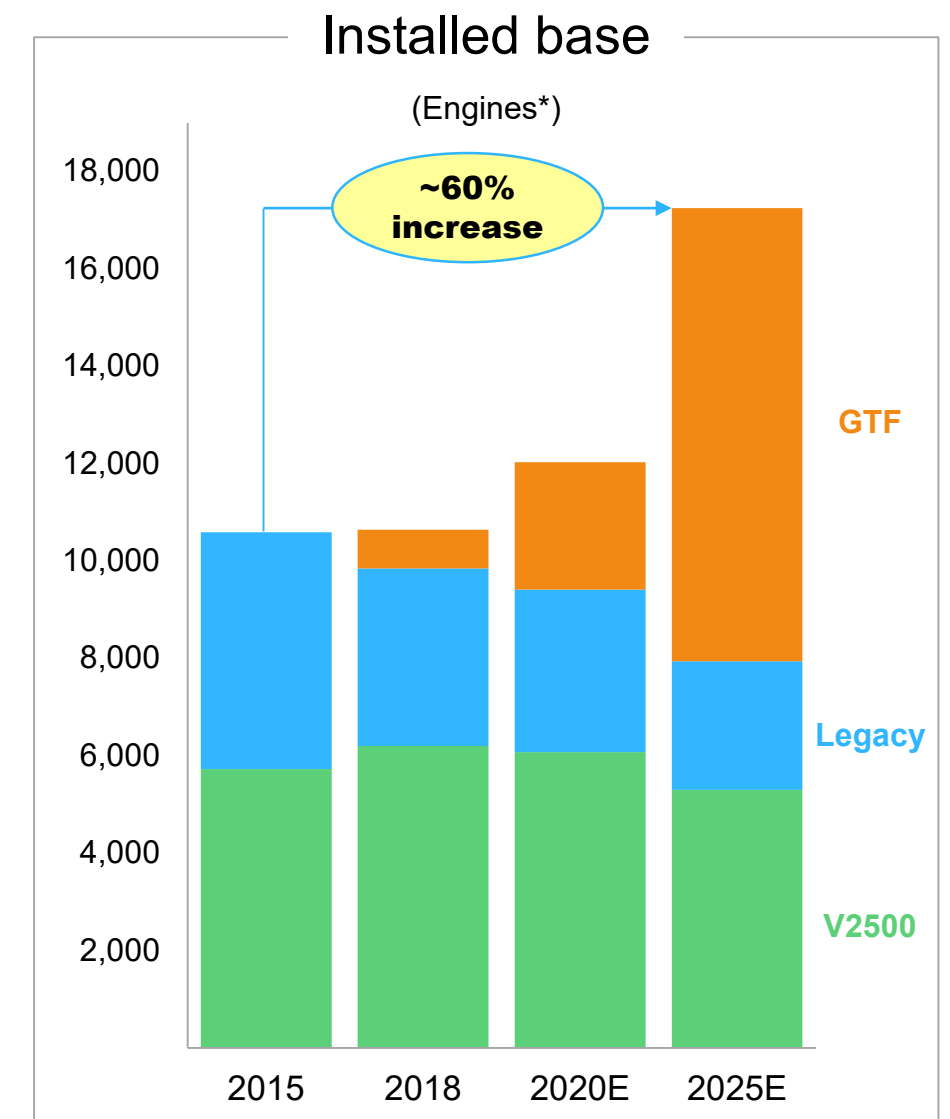
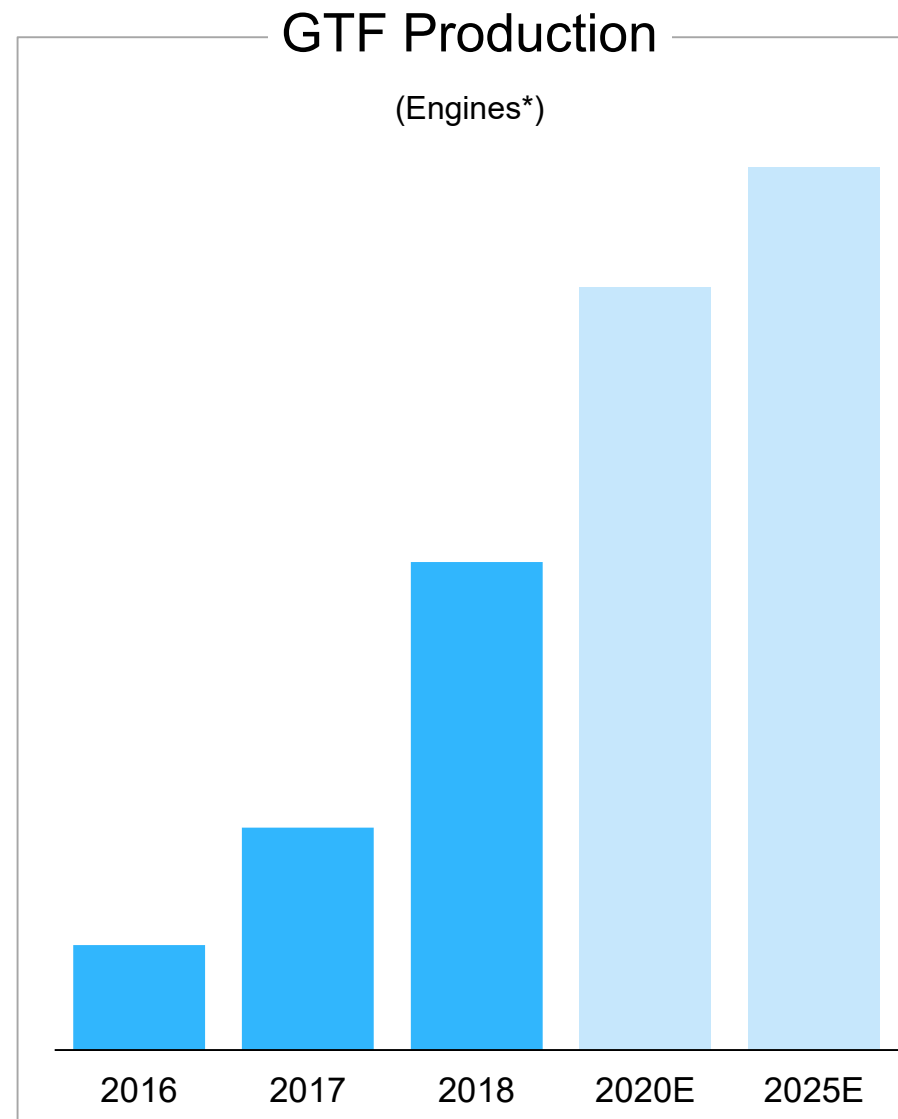
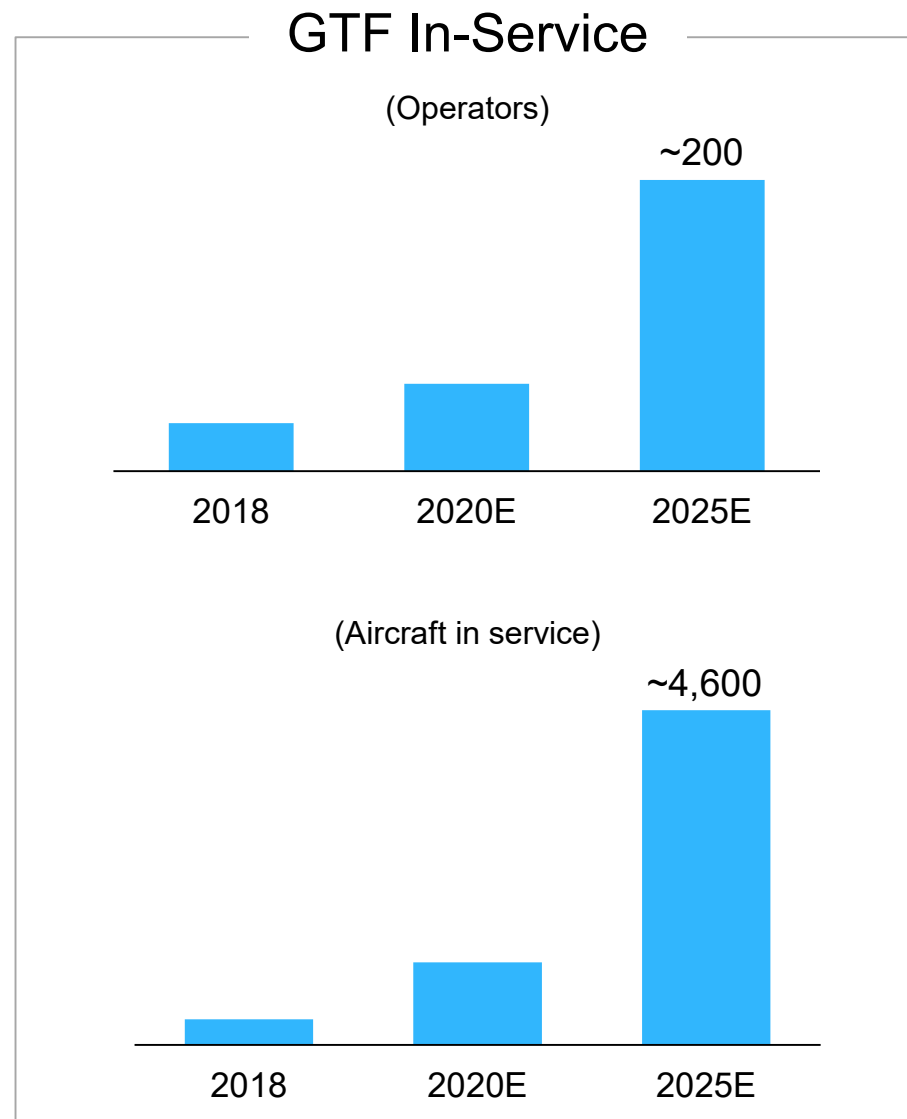


PW800 engine production



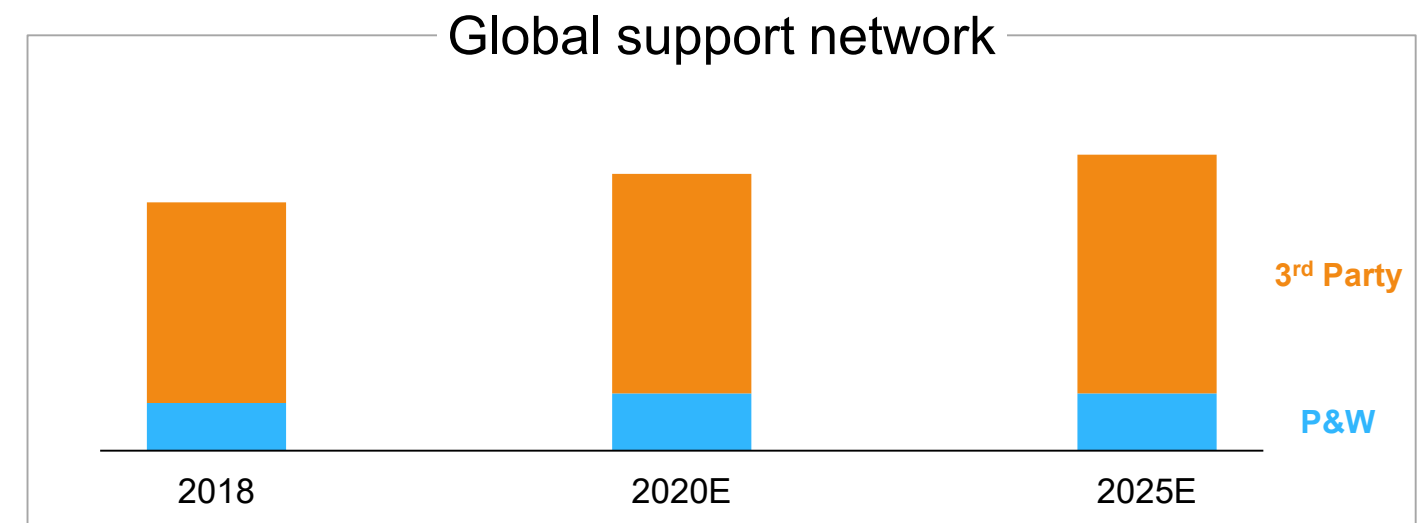
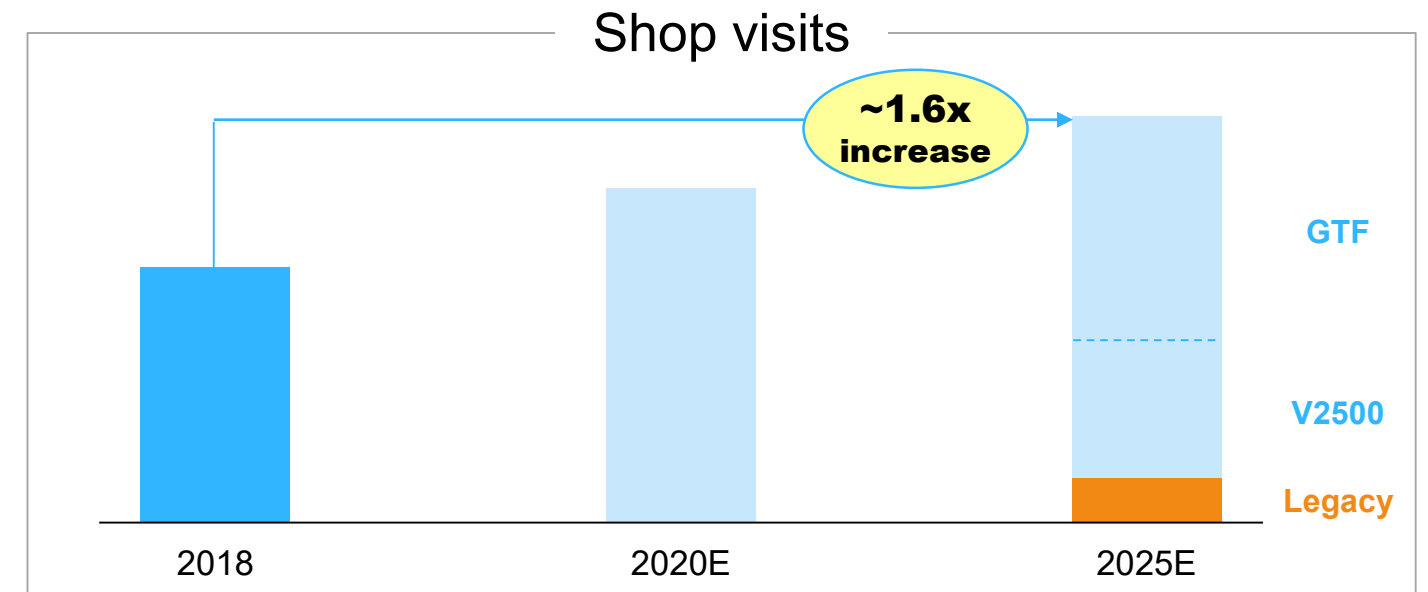
Innovation and automation

Large Commercial Engines



Fleet grows 10X from 2018 to 2025

Large Commercial Aftermarket



Stable V2500, growing GTF 2018 to 2025

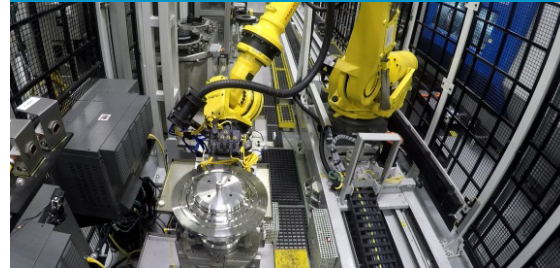
Automation and Innovation

Cost savings through automation

Fan blade



Turbine disc



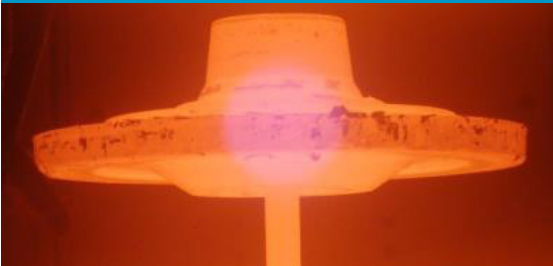
HPC rotor stack



Mill All Over



Robotic manufacturing

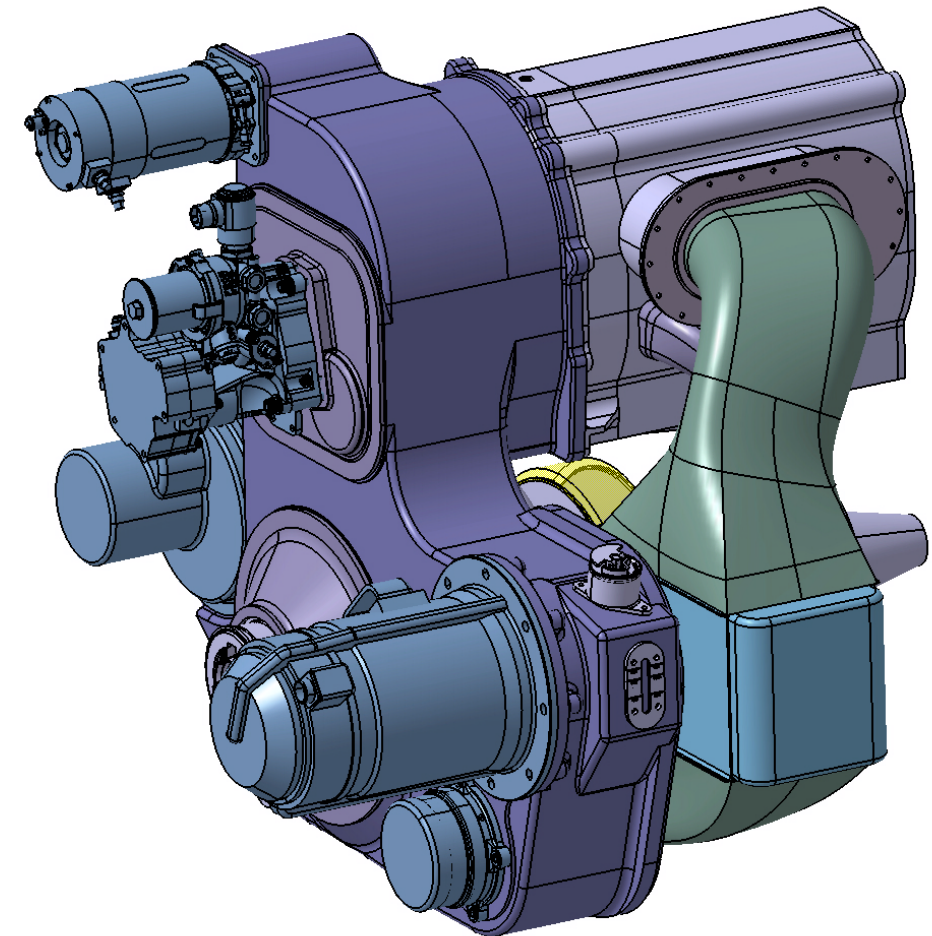


Turbine airfoil grinding



Continued innovation

Engine technology demonstrator



~30% fuel savings potential

Pratt & Whitney

Positioned to deliver portfolio growth

Enterprise strength

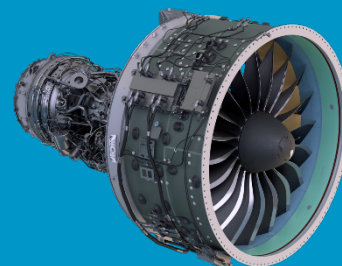
Best-positioned
military engine
portfolio



Most diversified
small engine
business

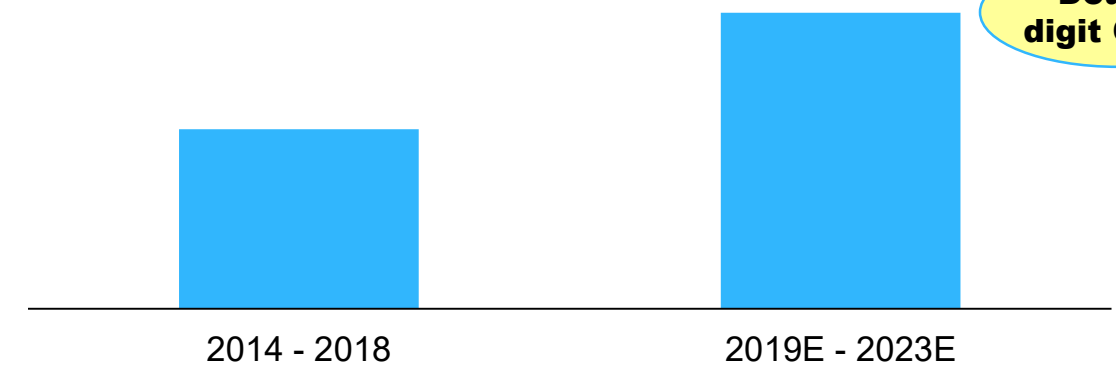


GTF engine is
architecture
of choice

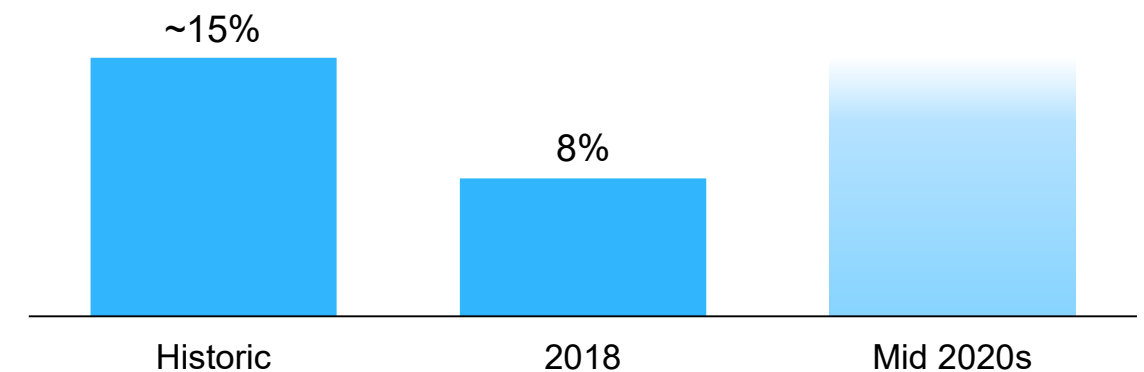


Outlook

(Free cash flow*, \$ millions)



(Operating profit %, adjusted*)





Greg Hayes

CHAIRMAN & CEO



**United
Technologies**

Priorities

Focused on execution

Innovation for growth

Structural cost reduction

Disciplined capital allocation

2019 Outlook

Revised Q1

Adjusted EPS* \$7.80 – \$8.00

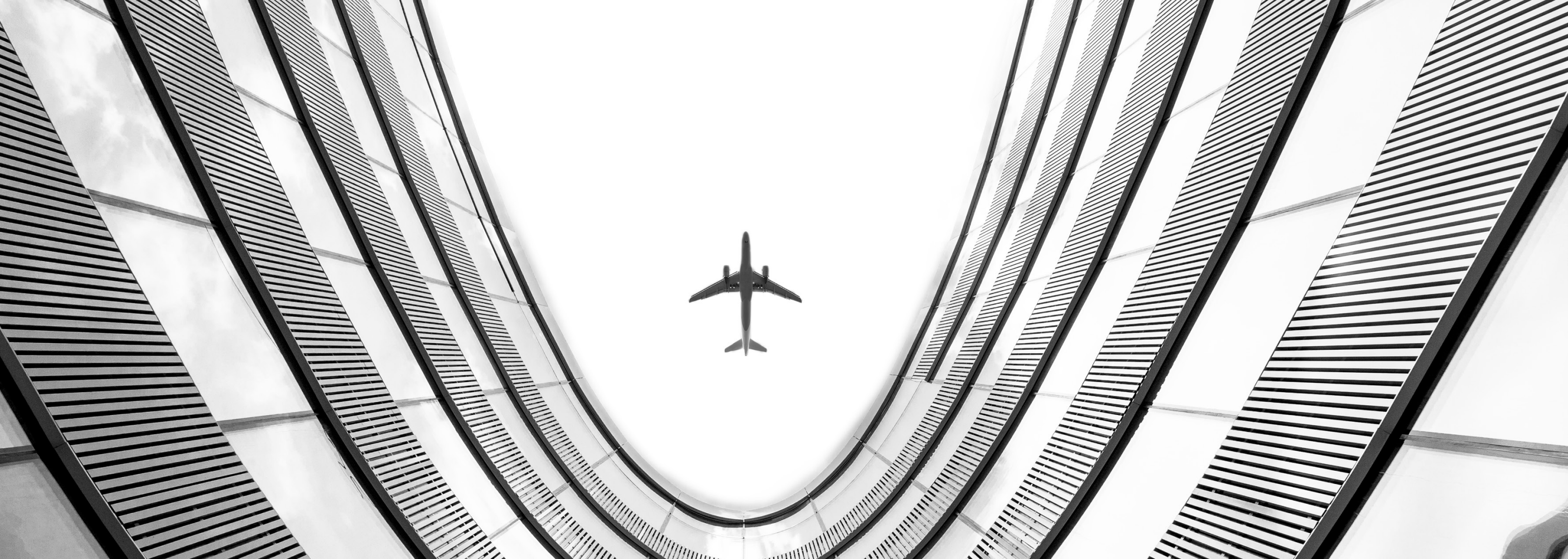


Sales \$75.5 – \$77.0B

Organic sales* 3 – 5%

Free cash flow* \$4.5 – \$5B

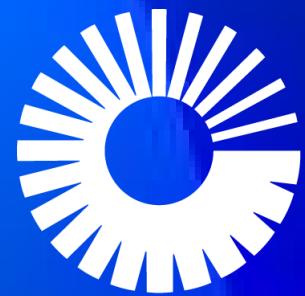
Includes \$1.5B of one-time portfolio separation costs



Q&A

GREG HAYES & AKHIL JOHRI





**United
Technologies**

Appendix

Use and Definitions of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

United Technologies Corporation reports its financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

We supplement the reporting of our financial information determined under GAAP with certain non-GAAP financial information. The non-GAAP information presented provides investors with additional useful information, but should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for the related GAAP measures. Moreover, other companies may define non-GAAP measures differently, which limits the usefulness of these measures for comparisons with such other companies. We encourage investors to review our financial statements and publicly-filed reports in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure.

Adjusted net sales, organic sales, adjusted operating profit, adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share ("EPS"), and the adjusted effective tax rate are non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted net sales represents consolidated net sales from continuing operations (a GAAP measure), excluding significant items of a non-recurring and/or nonoperational nature (hereinafter referred to as "other significant items"). Organic sales represents consolidated net sales (a GAAP measure), excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, acquisitions and divestitures completed in the preceding twelve months and other significant items. Adjusted operating profit represents income from continuing operations (a GAAP measure), excluding restructuring costs and other significant items. Adjusted net income represents net income from continuing operations (a GAAP measure), excluding restructuring costs and other significant items. Adjusted EPS represents diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (a GAAP measure), excluding restructuring costs and other significant items. The adjusted effective tax rate represents the effective tax rate (a GAAP measure), excluding restructuring costs and other significant items. For the business segments, when applicable, adjustments of net sales, operating profit and margins similarly reflect continuing operations, excluding restructuring and other significant items. Management believes that the non-GAAP measures just mentioned are useful in providing period-to-period comparisons of the results of the Company's ongoing operational performance.

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents cash flow from operations (a GAAP measure) less capital expenditures. Management believes free cash flow is a useful measure of liquidity and an additional basis for assessing UTC's ability to fund its activities, including the financing of acquisitions, debt service, repurchases of UTC's common stock and distribution of earnings to shareholders.

A reconciliation of the non-GAAP measures to the corresponding amounts prepared in accordance with GAAP appears in the tables in this Appendix. The tables provide additional information as to the items and amounts that have been excluded from the adjusted measures.

When we provide our expectation for adjusted EPS, adjusted operating profit, adjusted effective tax rate, organic sales and free cash flow on a forward-looking basis, a reconciliation of the differences between the non-GAAP expectations and the corresponding GAAP measures (expected diluted EPS from continuing operations, operating profit, the effective tax rate, sales and expected cash flow from operations) generally is not available without unreasonable effort due to potentially high variability, complexity and low visibility as to the items that would be excluded from the GAAP measure in the relevant future period, such as unusual gains and losses, the ultimate outcome of pending litigation, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, the impact and timing of potential acquisitions and divestitures, and other structural changes or their probable significance. The variability of the excluded items may have a significant, and potentially unpredictable, impact on our future GAAP results.

Important Information about the Proposed Transaction

Additional Information

In connection with the proposed merger, United Technologies will file a registration statement on Form S-4, which will include a document that serves as a prospectus of United Technologies and a joint proxy statement of United Technologies and Raytheon Company (the “joint proxy statement/prospectus”), and each party will file other documents regarding the proposed merger with the SEC. In addition, in connection with the separation transactions, subsidiaries of United Technologies will file registration statements on Form 10 or S-1. INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ THE JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS AND OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE SEC WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE, BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION. A definitive joint proxy statement/prospectus will be sent to United Technologies’ shareowners and Raytheon Company’s shareholders. Investors and security holders will be able to obtain the registration statements and the joint proxy statement/prospectus free of charge from the SEC’s website or from United Technologies or Raytheon Company. The documents filed by United Technologies with the SEC may be obtained free of charge at United Technologies’ website at www.utc.com or at the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. These documents may also be obtained free of charge from United Technologies by requesting them by mail at UTC Corporate Secretary, 10 Farm Springs Road, Farmington, CT, 06032, by telephone at 1-860-728-7870 or by email at corpsec@corphq.utc.com. The documents filed by Raytheon Company with the SEC may be obtained free of charge at Raytheon Company’s website at www.raytheon.com or at the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. These documents may also be obtained free of charge from Raytheon Company by requesting them by mail at Raytheon Company, Investor Relations, 870 Winter Street, Waltham, MA, 02541, by telephone at 1-781-522-5123 or by email at invest@raytheon.com.

Participants in the Solicitation

United Technologies and Raytheon Company and their respective directors and executive officers and other members of management and employees may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies in respect of the proposed merger. Information about United Technologies’ directors and executive officers is available in United Technologies’ proxy statement dated March 18, 2019, for its 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareowners. Information about Raytheon Company’s directors and executive officers is available in Raytheon Company’s proxy statement dated April 16, 2019, for its 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. Other information regarding the participants in the proxy solicitation and a description of their direct and indirect interests, by security holdings or otherwise, will be contained in the joint proxy statement/prospectus and other relevant materials to be filed with the SEC regarding the transaction when they become available. Investors should read the joint proxy statement/prospectus carefully when it becomes available before making any voting or investment decisions. You may obtain free copies of these documents from United Technologies or Raytheon Company as indicated above.

No Offer or Solicitation

This communication shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such jurisdiction. No offering of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of Section 10 of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Collins Aerospace Pro Forma Reconciliation

(\$ millions)

	<u>2018</u>
Segment sales – as reported	16,634
Net acquisitions – pro forma*	<u>7,636</u>
Segment sales – pro forma*	24,270
Segment adjusted op profit	2,613
Net acquisitions – pro forma*	<u>1,206</u>
Segment adjusted op profit – pro forma*	3,819
Segment adjusted op profit margin – pro forma*	15.7%

*Includes Rockwell Collins – assumes the transaction had been completed on January 1, 2017.

Pratt and Whitney Historic Op Profit Reconciliation

(\$ millions)

	<u>2011</u>
Segment sales – as reported	12,711
Segment op profit – as reported	1,867
Segment op profit adjustments*	<u>11</u>
Segment adjusted op profit	1,878
Segment reported op profit margin	14.7%
Segment adjusted op profit margin	14.8%

2011 used as an example for Pratt and Whitney historic op profit.

*Includes \$52M adjustment for restructuring and (\$41M) adjustment for gain recognized from the sale of an equity investment.

Segment Data – GAAP

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION
SEGMENT DATA - Reported

(\$ Millions except per share amounts)

	2019	2018				
	1st Qtr.	1st Qtr.	2nd Qtr.	3rd Qtr.	4th Qtr.	2018 Total
Otis						
Net Sales	3,096	3,037	3,344	3,223	3,300	12,904
Operating Profit (a)	426	450	488	486	491	1,915
Operating Profit %	13.8%	14.8%	14.6%	15.1%	14.9%	14.8%
Carrier						
Net Sales	4,323	4,376	5,035	4,880	4,631	18,922
Operating Profit (a),(e),(u)	529	592	1,645	844	696	3,777
Operating Profit %	12.2%	13.5%	32.7%	17.3%	15.0%	20.0%
Pratt & Whitney						
Net Sales (o)	4,817	4,329	4,736	4,789	5,543	19,397
Operating Profit (a),(l)	433	413	397	109	350	1,269
Operating Profit %	9.0%	9.5%	8.4%	2.3%	6.3%	6.5%
Collins Aerospace Systems						
Net Sales	6,513	3,817	3,962	3,955	4,900	16,634
Operating Profit (a),(f),(o),(y),(z)	856	588	569	610	536	2,303
Operating Profit %	13.1%	15.4%	14.4%	15.4%	10.9%	13.8%
Total Segments						
Net Sales	18,749	15,559	17,077	16,847	18,374	67,857
Operating Profit	2,244	2,043	3,099	2,049	2,073	9,264
Operating Profit %	12.0%	13.1%	18.1%	12.2%	11.3%	13.7%
Corporate, Eliminations, and Other						
Net Sales:						
Other	(384)	(317)	(372)	(337)	(330)	(1,356)
Operating Profit:						
General corporate expenses (a)	(98)	(104)	(126)	(109)	(136)	(475)
Eliminations and other (a),(b),(d),(h),(l),(k),(n),(p),(q),(r),(x),(aa)	(101)	(11)	(97)	(102)	(26)	(236)
Consolidated						
Net Sales	18,365	15,242	16,705	16,510	18,044	66,501
Operating Profit	2,045	1,928	2,876	1,838	1,911	8,553
Operating Profit %	11.1%	12.6%	17.2%	11.1%	10.6%	12.9%
Non-service pension (benefit) cost	(208)	(191)	(192)	(188)	(194)	(765)
Interest expense, net (j),(s),(t)	431	229	234	258	317	1,038
Income from operations before income taxes	1,822	1,890	2,834	1,768	1,788	8,280
Income tax expense (c),(g),(m),(u),(v)	(397)	(522)	(695)	(419)	(990)	(2,626)
Effective Tax Rate	21.8%	27.6%	24.5%	23.7%	55.3%	31.7%
Income from operations	1,425	1,368	2,139	1,349	798	5,654
Net income	1,425	1,368	2,139	1,349	798	5,654
Less: Noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries' earnings (w)	(79)	(71)	(91)	(111)	(112)	(385)
Net income attributable to common shareowners	1,346	1,297	2,048	1,238	686	5,269
Net income attributable to common shareowners:						
Income from operations	1,346	1,297	2,048	1,238	686	5,269

	1st Qtr.	1st Qtr.	2nd Qtr.	3rd Qtr.	4th Qtr.	2018 Total YTD
Operations						
Earnings per share - basic	1.58	1.64	2.59	1.56	0.83	6.58
Earnings per share - diluted	1.56	1.62	2.56	1.54	0.83	6.50
Total EPS attributable to common shareowners						
Total basic earnings per share	1.58	1.64	2.59	1.56	0.83	6.58
Total diluted earnings per share	1.56	1.62	2.56	1.54	0.83	6.50
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions)						
Basic shares	853.2	789.9	790.5	791.3	822.7	800.4
Diluted shares	860.7	800.4	799.6	801.8	831.4	810.1

	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total YTD
Effective Tax Rate - ops	21.8%	27.6%	24.5%	23.7%	55.3%	31.7%

Segment Data – Notes

The earnings release and conference-call discussion adjust 2019 and 2018 segment results for restructuring costs as well as certain significant non-recurring and/or non-operational items

The following restructuring costs and significant non-recurring and/or non-operational items are included in current and prior year GAAP results and have been excluded from the adjusted results (non-GAAP measures) presented in the earnings release and conference-call discussion.

(a) Restructuring costs as included in 2019 and 2018 results:

	2019	2018				
	Restructuring Costs	Restructuring Costs				
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Operating Profit:						
Otis	(25)	(26)	(23)	(3)	(19)	(71)
Carrier	(33)	(14)	(21)	(17)	(28)	(80)
Pratt & Whitney	(14)	-	(3)	-	10	7
Collins Aerospace Systems	(39)	(27)	(33)	(17)	(83)	(160)
Total Segments operating profit	(111)	(67)	(80)	(37)	(120)	(304)
General corporate expenses	(1)	(2)	(2)	-	(1)	(5)
Eliminations and other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total consolidated operating profit	(112)	(69)	(82)	(37)	(121)	(309)
Non-service pension costs			2			2
Total UTC Net Income	(112)	(69)	(80)	(37)	(121)	(307)

(b) Q1 2018: Approximately \$30 million of transaction and integration costs related to merger agreement with Rockwell Collins.

(c) Q1 2018: Approximately \$44 million of unfavorable income tax adjustments related to the estimated impact of the U.S tax reform legislation, including the effects related to repatriation of undistributed foreign earnings provision and other revaluations of U.S deferred taxes.

(d) Q2 2018: Approximately \$20 million of transaction and integration costs related to merger agreement with Rockwell Collins.

(e) Q2 2018 Approximately \$795 million of pre-tax gains related to the divestiture of Taylor Co from UTC Climate, Controls & Security.

(f) Q2 2018 Approximately \$48 million of unfavorable charges associated with asset impairment at UTC Aerospace Systems.

(g) Q2 2018: Approximately \$2 million of unfavorable income tax adjustments related to the estimated impact of the U.S tax reform legislation, including the effects related to repatriation of undistributed foreign earnings provision and other revaluations of U.S deferred taxes.

(h) Q3 2018 Approximately \$21 million of transaction and integration costs related to merger agreement with Rockwell Collins.

(i) Q3 2018 Approximately \$4 million of pre-tax gains related to the divestiture of Taylor Co from UTC Climate, Controls & Security.

(j) Q3 2018 Approximately \$22 million of pre-tax interest charges related to the Rockwell Collins acquisition.

(k) Q3 2018 Approximately \$23 million of pre-tax charges associated with the Company's intention to separate its commercial businesses.

(l) Q3 2018 Approximately \$300 million of pre-tax charges resulting from customer contract matters.

(m) Q3 2018 Approximately \$6 million of unfavorable income tax adjustments related to the estimated impact of the U.S tax reform legislation, including the effects related to repatriation of undistributed foreign earnings provision and other revaluations of U.S deferred taxes.

(n) Q4 2018 Approximately \$47 million of transaction and integration costs related to merger agreement with Rockwell Collins.

(o) Q4 2018 Approximately \$102 of costs related to amortization of Rockwell Collins inventory fair value adjustment.

(p) Q4 2018 Approximately \$4 million of pre-tax charges associated with the Company's intention to separate its commercial businesses.

(q) Q4 2018 Approximately \$11 million of pre-tax charges related to transaction expenses associated with a potential disposition.

(r) Q4 2018 Approximately \$21 million of pre-tax gains related to agreement with a state taxing authority for monetization of tax credits.

(s) Q4 2018 Approximately \$24 million of pre-tax interest adjustment related to the Rockwell Collins acquisition.

(t) Q4 2018 Approximately \$4 million of favorable pre-tax interest adjustment related to agreement with a state taxing authority for monetization of tax credits.

(u) Q4 2018 Approximately \$692 million of unfavorable income tax adjustments related to repatriation of undistributed foreign earnings which is now accessible as a result of tax reform.

(v) Q4 2018 Approximately \$29 million of unfavorable income tax adjustments resulting from the Company's announcement of its intention to separate its commercial businesses.

(w) Q4 2018 Approximately \$7 million of favorable Noncontrolling interest resulting from the Company's announcement of its intention to separate its commercial businesses.

(x) Q1 2019 Approximately \$9 million of transaction and integration costs related to merger agreement with Rockwell Collins.

(y) Q1 2019 Approximately \$181 of costs related to amortization of Rockwell Collins inventory fair value adjustment.

(z) Q1 2019 Approximately \$25 million of unfavorable charges associated with the loss on the sale of a business at Collins Aerospace Systems.

(aa) Q1 2019 Approximately \$55 million of pre-tax charges associated with the Company's intention to separate its commercial businesses.

Segment Data – Adjusted

UNITED TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION
SEGMENT DATA - Adjusted (Unaudited)
(\$ Millions except per share amounts)

	2019	2018				
	Ex Rest & Significant non- recurring and non- operational items	Ex Rest & Significant non-recurring and non-operational items				
	1st Qtr.	1st Qtr.	2nd Qtr.	3rd Qtr.	4th Qtr.	2018 Total
Otis						
Net Sales	3,096	3,037	3,344	3,223	3,300	12,904
Operating Profit (a)	451	476	511	489	510	1,986
Operating Profit %	14.6%	15.7%	15.3%	15.2%	15.5%	15.4%
Carrier						
Net Sales	4,323	4,376	5,035	4,880	4,631	18,922
Operating Profit (a),(e),(u)	562	606	871	857	724	3,058
Operating Profit %	13.0%	13.8%	17.3%	17.6%	15.6%	16.2%
Pratt & Whitney						
Net Sales (o)	4,817	4,329	4,736	4,789	5,543	19,397
Operating Profit (a),(l)	447	413	400	409	340	1,562
Operating Profit %	9.3%	9.5%	8.4%	8.5%	6.1%	8.1%
Collins Aerospace Systems						
Net Sales	6,513	3,817	3,962	3,955	4,900	16,634
Operating Profit (a),(f),(o),(y),(z)	1,101	615	650	627	721	2,613
Operating Profit %	16.9%	16.1%	16.4%	15.9%	14.7%	15.7%
Total Segments						
Net Sales	18,749	15,559	17,077	16,847	18,374	67,857
Operating Profit	2,561	2,110	2,432	2,382	2,295	9,219
Operating Profit %	13.7%	13.6%	14.2%	14.1%	12.5%	13.6%
Corporate, Eliminations, and Other						
Net Sales:						
Other	(384)	(317)	(372)	(337)	(330)	(1,356)
Operating Profit:						
General corporate expenses (a)	(97)	(102)	(124)	(109)	(135)	(470)
Eliminations and other (a),(b),(d),(h),(i),(k),(n),(p),(q),(r),(x),(aa)	(37)	19	(77)	(58)	15	(101)
Consolidated						
Net Sales	18,365	15,242	16,705	16,510	18,044	66,501
Operating Profit	2,427	2,027	2,231	2,215	2,175	8,648
Operating Profit %	13.2%	13.3%	13.4%	13.4%	12.1%	13.0%
Non-service pension (benefit) cost	(208)	(191)	(190)	(188)	(194)	(763)
Interest expense, net (j),(s),(t)	431	229	234	236	297	(362)
Income from operations before income taxes	2,204	1,989	2,187	2,167	2,072	9,774
Income tax expense (c),(g),(m),(u),(v)	(478)	(497)	(520)	(509)	(332)	(1,858)
Effective Tax Rate	21.7%	25.0%	23.8%	23.5%	15.9%	19.0%
Income from operations	1,726	1,492	1,667	1,658	1,740	6,557
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	1,726	1,492	1,667	1,658	1,740	6,557
Less: Noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries' earnings (hh)	(79)	(71)	(91)	(111)	(119)	(392)
Net income attributable to common shareowners	1,647	1,421	1,576	1,547	1,621	6,165
Net income attributable to common shareowners:						
From operations	1,647	1,421	1,576	1,547	1,621	6,165
From discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-

EPS Reconciliation

Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Share to Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share

(dollars in millions except per share amounts)

	2019	2018				
	Q1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Diluted earnings per share - Net income from reported operations attributable to common shareowners (GAAP)	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.62	\$ 2.56	\$ 1.54	\$ 0.83	\$ 6.50
Net income attributable to common shareowners	\$ 1,346	\$ 1,297	\$ 2,048	\$ 1,238	\$ 686	\$ 5,269
Adjustments to net income from operations attributable to common shareowners:						
Restructuring costs	(112)	(69)	(80)	(37)	(121)	(307)
Collins Transaction & Integration costs	(9)	(30)	(20)	(21)	(47)	(118)
Carrier - Taylor Divestiture	-	-	795	4	-	799
Asset Impairment/Subsequent loss on sale	(25)	-	(48)	-	-	(48)
Costs associated with the Company's intention to separate its commercial businesses	(55)	-	-	(23)	(4)	(27)
Transaction expenses associated with a potential disposition	-	-	-	-	(11)	(11)
Charge resulting from customer contract matters	-	-	-	(300)	-	(300)
Amortization of Rockwell Collins inventory fair value adjustment	(181)	-	-	-	(102)	(102)
Adjustment related to agreement with a state taxing authority for monetization of tax credits	-	-	-	-	21	21
Other significant non-recurring and non-operational items included in interest expense, net	-	-	-	(22)	(20)	(42)
Income tax benefit on restructuring costs and significant non-recurring and non-operational items	81	19	(173)	96	63	5
U.S Tax Reform Legislation	-	(44)	(2)	(6)	(692)	(744)
Unfavorable tax adjustment resulting from the Company's announcement of its intention to separate its commercial businesses	-	-	-	-	(29)	(29)
Other significant non-recurring and non-operational gains (charges) recorded within Noncontrolling interest	-	-	-	-	7	7
Total adjustments to net income from operations attributable to common shareowners	(301)	(124)	472	(309)	(935)	(896)
Adjusted net income from operations attributable to common shareowners	\$ 1,647	\$ 1,421	\$ 1,576	\$ 1,547	\$ 1,621	\$ 6,165
Less: Impact of total adjustments on diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.35)	\$ (0.15)	\$ 0.59	\$ (0.39)	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.11)
Adjusted diluted earnings per share - Net income from operations attributable to common shareowners (Non-GAAP)	\$ 1.91	\$ 1.77	\$ 1.97	\$ 1.93	\$ 1.95	\$ 7.61
Effective Tax Rate	21.8%	27.6%	24.5%	23.7%	55.3%	31.7%
Less: Impact on effective tax rate	-0.1%	-2.6%	-0.7%	-0.2%	-39.4%	-9.6%
Adjusted effective tax rate	21.7%	25.0%	23.8%	23.5%	15.9%	22.1%

4Q 2018 YTD Sales Reconciliation

	<u>Total Growth</u>	<u>Organic</u>	<u>FX</u>	<u>Net Acquisitions</u>	<u>Other</u>
Otis	5%	3%	1%	0%	1%
Carrier	6%	6%	1%	(1%)	0%
Pratt & Whitney	20%	14%	0%	0%	6%
Collins Aerospace	<u>13%</u>	<u>8%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0%</u>
Total UTC*	11%	8%	1%	1%	1%

1Q 2019 Sales Reconciliation

	<u>Total Growth</u>	<u>Organic</u>	<u>FX</u>	<u>Net Acquisitions</u>	<u>Other</u>
Otis	2%	7%	(5%)	0%	0%
Carrier	(1%)	3%	(3%)	(1%)	0%
Pratt & Whitney	11%	12%	(1%)	0%	0%
Collins Aerospace	<u>71%</u>	<u>10%</u>	<u>0%</u>	<u>61%</u>	<u>0%</u>
Total UTC*	20%	8%	(3%)	15%	0%

4Q 2018 YTD Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

(\$ millions)

	Full Year	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Net income attributable to common shareowners from continuing operations	5,269	4,552
Depreciation & amortization	2,433	2,140
Change in working capital	(755)	(52)
Other	<u>(625)</u>	<u>(1,009)</u>
Cash flow from operations	6,322	5,631
Capital expenditures	<u>(1,902)</u>	<u>(2,014)</u>
Free cash flow	<u><u>4,420</u></u>	<u><u>3,617</u></u>
Free cash flow as a % of net income attributable to common shareowners from continuing operations	84%	79%

1Q 2019 Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

(\$ millions)

	1Q	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Net income attributable to common shareowners from continuing operations	1,346	1,297
Depreciation & amortization	942	581
Change in working capital	(445)	(972)
Other	(343)	(453)
Cash flow from operations	<u>1,500</u>	<u>453</u>
Capital expenditures	(363)	(337)
Free cash flow	<u><u>1,137</u></u>	<u><u>116</u></u>
Free cash flow as a % of net income attributable to common shareowners from continuing operations	84%	9%